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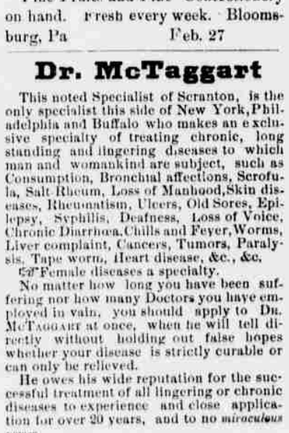

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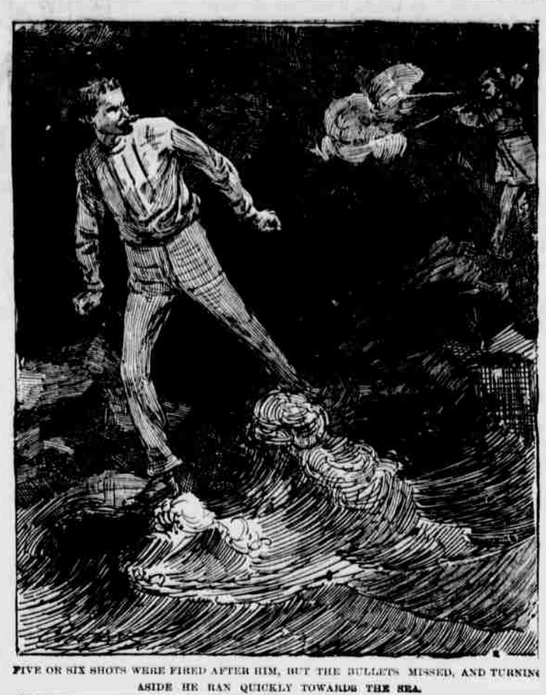


FIVE OR SIX SHOTS WERE FIRED AFTER HIM, BUT THE BULLETS MISSED, AND TURNING ASIDE HE RAN QUICKLY TOWARDS THE SEA.

Mathias Sandorf.

—BY—

JULES VERNE.

AUTHOR OF "JOURNEY TO THE CENTRE OF THE EARTH," "TRIP TO THE MOON," "AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS," "MICHAEL STROGOFF," "TWENTY THOUSAND LEAGUES UNDER THE SEA," ETC., ETC.

[TRANSLATION COPYRIGHTED, 1885.]

[CHAPTER THIRTEEN—CONCLUDED.]

fisherman. Twenty years before he had married a young girl of Sartene. Two years afterwards they had had a daughter who was christened Maria. The fisherman's calling is a rough one, particularly when to the fishing for fish there is added the fishing for coral, which was to be sought for at the bottom of the most dangerous channels in the strait. But Andrea Ferrato was bold, robust, indefatigable, as clever with the net as with the trawl. His business prospered. His wife, active and intelligent, raised the little house at Santa Manza to perfection. Both of them knew how to read, write and calculate, and were fairly educated, if we compare them with the 150,000 who cannot write their names which statistics now reveal to exist out of 260,000 inhabitants of the island.

Besides—perhaps on account of this education—Andrea Ferrato was very French in his ideas and feelings, although he was of Italian origin, like the majority of the Corsicans. And at that time this had occasioned some animosity against him.

The canton in fact, situated at the southern extremity of the island, far from Bastia, far from Ajaccio, far from the chief centres of administration, is at heart very much opposed to everything that is not Italian or Sardinian—a regretable state of things that we hope to see the end of as the rising generation becomes better educated.

Hence, as we have said, there was more or less latent animosity against the Ferratos. In Corsica animosity and hatred are not very far apart. Certain things occurred which embittered this animosity. One day Andrea, driven out of patience, in a moment of anger, killed a well-known vagabond who was threatening him, and he had to seek safety in flight.

But Andrea Ferrato was not at all the man to take refuge in the *maquis* to live a life of daily strife as much against the police as against the companions and friends of the deceased, to penetrate a series of revenges which would end by reaching his own people. Resolving to expatriate himself, he managed to leave Corsica secretly, and reached the Sardinian coast. When his wife had realized their property, given up the house at Santa Manza, sold the furniture, the boat and the nets, she crossed over and joined him. They had given up their native land forever.

But the murder, although it was justifiably committed in self-defence, weighed on Andrea's conscience. With the somewhat superstitous ideas due to his origin he greatly desired to ransom it. He had heard that a man's death is never pardoned till the day when the murderer saves another life at the risk of his own. He made up his mind to save a life as soon as an occasion presented itself.

Andrea did not remain long in Sardinia, where he would easily have been recognized and discovered. Energetic and brave, although he did not fear for himself he feared for those who belonged to him, he feared that the reprisals of family on family might reach them. He merely waited till he could go without exciting suspicion, and then sailed for Italy, where at Ancona an opportunity offered him to cross the Adriatic to the Istrian coast, of which he availed himself.

And that is the story of why the Corsican had settled at Rovigno. For seventeen years he had followed his trade as a fisherman—and had become as well off as he had been. Nine years afterwards a son was born to him, who had been named Luigi. His birth cost his mother her life.

Andrea Ferrato now lived entirely for his daughter and his son. Maria, then aged eighteen, acted as mother to the little boy of eight. And except the deep and constant grief for the loss of his wife the fisherman of Rovigno was as happy as he could be in his work and the consciousness of having done his duty. He was respected throughout the district. He was ever ready to help, and his advice was always valuable. He was known to be clever at his trade. Among the long ridges of rocks which guard the Istrian shore he had no reason to regret the Gulf of Santa Manza or the Straits of Bonifacio. He had become an excellent pilot in those parts where the same language is spoken as in Corsica. From his pilotage of the ships between Pola and Trieste he earned almost as much as from his fishing. And in his house the poor were not forgotten, and Maria did her best in works of charity.

But the fisherman of Santa Manza had never forgotten his vow—a life for a life! He had taken one man's life. He would save another's.

That was why, when the two fugitives presented themselves at his door, guessing who they were, knowing the penalty to which he was exposing himself, he had not hesitated to say to them, "Come in," and adding in his thoughts, "And may heaven protect us all!"

The squadron of police passed the door and did not stop. Sandorf and Bathory could thus fancy they were safe—at least for that night.

The hut was built not in the town itself, but about five hundred yards from its walls, below the harbor and on a ridge of rocks which commanded the beach. Beyond, at less than a cable's length, was the sea breaking on the sands and stretching away to the distant horizon. Towards the southwest there jutted out the promontory whose curve shuts in the small roadstead of Rovigno.

It had but four rooms, two at the front and two at the back, but there was a lean-to of boards in which the fishing and other tackle was kept. Such was the dwelling of Andrea Ferrato. His boat was a balancello with a square stern, about thirty feet long, rigged with a mainsail and foresail—a description of boat well adapted for trawling. When she was not in use she was moored inside the rocks, and a little boat drawn up on the beach was used in journeying to and from her. Behind the house was an enclosure of about half an acre, in which a few vegetables grew among the mulberry and olive trees and the vines. A hedge separated it from a brook about six feet broad, and beyond was the open country.

Such was this humble but hospitable dwelling to which Providence had led the fugitives; such was the host who risked his liberty to give them shelter.

As soon as the door closed on them Sandorf and Bathory examined the room into which the fisherman had welcomed them.

It was the principal room of the house, furnished in a way that showed the taste and assiduity of a careful housekeeper.

"First of all you want something to eat?" said Andrea.

"Yes, we are dying with hunger!" answered Sandorf. "For twelve hours we have had no food."

"You understand, Maria."

And in a few minutes Maria had put on the table some salt pork, some boiled fish, a flask of the local wine of the dry grape, with two glasses, two plates and a white table-cloth. A "veglione," a sort of lamp with three wicks fed with oil, gave light in the room.

Sandorf and Bathory sat down to the table; they were quite exhausted.

"But you?" said they to the fisherman.

"We have had our meal," answered Andrea.

The two famished men devoured—that is the proper word—the provisions which were offered with such simplicity and heartiness.

But as they ate they kept their eyes on the fisherman, his daughter and his son who sat in a corner of the room and looked at them back without saying a word. Andrea was then about forty-two, a man of severe expression, even a little sorrowful, with expressive features, a sunburnt face, black eyes and a keen look. He wore the dress of the fishermen of the Adriatic, and was evidently of active, powerful build.

Maria—whose face and figure recalled her mother—was tall, graceful, pretty rather than handsome, with bright, black eyes, brown hair and a complexion lightly tinted by the vivacity of her Corsican blood. Serious by reason of the duties she had fulfilled from her childhood, having in her attitude and movements the serenity a reflective nature gives, everything about her showed an energy that would never fail, no matter in what circumstances she might be placed. Many times she had been sought in marriage by the young fishermen of the country, but in vain. Did not all her life belong to her father and the child who was so dear to him?

That boy Luigi was already an experienced sailor—hard-working, brave and resolute. Bareheaded in wind and rain he accompanied Andrea in his fishing and piloting. Later on he promised to be a vigorous man, well trained and well built, more than bold, even audacious, ready for anything and careless of danger. He loved his father. He adored his sister.

Count Sandorf had been keenly examining these three, united in such touching affection. That he was among people he could trust he felt sure. When the meal was finished Andrea rose and approaching Sandorf said:

"Go and sleep, gentlemen. No one knows you are here. To-morrow we can talk."

"No, Andrea Ferrato, no!" said Sandorf. "Our hunger is now appeased! We have recovered our strength! Let us leave the house this instant, where our presence is so dangerous to you and yours."

"Yes, let us leave," added Bathory. "And may heaven reward you for what you have done."

"Go and sleep; it is necessary," said the fisherman. "The beach is watched to-night. An embargo has been put upon all the ports on the coast. You can do nothing now."

"Be it so, if you wish it," answered Sandorf.

"I wish it."

"One word only. When was our escape known?"

"This morning." answered Andrea. "But there were four prisoners in the donjon of Pisino. You are only two. The third, they say, was set free."

"Sarcany!" exclaimed Sandorf, immediately checking the movement of anger that seized him as he heard the hated name.

"And the fourth?" asked Bathory, without daring to finish the sentence.

"The fourth is still living," answered Ferrato. "His execution has been put off."

"Living!" exclaimed Bathory.

"Yes," answered Sandorf, ironically. "They are keeping him till they have got us, to give us the pleasure of dying together."

"Maria," said Ferrato, "take our guests to the room at the back, but do not have a light. The window must not show from without that there is a light in the room. You can then go to bed, Luigi and I will watch."

"Yes, father," answered the boy.

"Come, sirs," said the girl.

A moment afterwards Sandorf and his companion exchanged a cordial shake of the hand with the fisherman. Then they passed into the chamber where they found two good mattresses of maize on which they could rest after so many fatigues.

But already Andrea had left the house with Luigi. He wished to assure himself that no one was prowling round the neighborhood, neither on the beach nor beyond the brook. The fugitives then could sleep in peace till the morning.

The night passed without adventure. The fisherman had frequently been out. He had seen nothing suspicious.

In the morning of the 18th of June, while his guests were still asleep, Andrea went out for news into the centre of the town and along the wharves. There were many groups talking over the events of the past day. The placard stuck up the evening before relating the escape, the penalties incurred and the reward promised formed the general subject of conversation. Some were gossiping, some detailing the latest news, some repeating the rumors in vague terms which meant nothing in particular. There was nothing to show that Sandorf and his companion had been seen in the neighborhood, nor even that there was any suspicion of their presence in the province. About ten o'clock, when the sergeant and his men entered Rovigno after their night expedition, a rumor spread that two strangers had been seen twenty-four hours before on the Leme Canal. The district from there to the sea had been searched for them in vain. There was not a vestige of their visit. Had they then reached the coast, possessed themselves of a boat and gone to some other part of Istria, or had they crossed the Austrian frontier? It would seem so.

"Good," said one of the men. "There are five thousand florins saved to the treasury."

"Money that might be better spent than in paying rascally informers!"

"And they have managed to escape?"

"Escape? Yes. And they are safe on the other side of the Adriatic."

From this conversation, which took place among a group of peasants, workingmen and shopkeepers who were standing in front of one of the placards, it seemed that public opinion was rather in favor of the fugitives—at least among the people of Istria, who are either Sclaves or Italians by birth. The Austrian officials could hardly count on their being betrayed to them.

But they were doing all they could to recover the fugitives. All the squadrons of police and companies of gendarmerie had been afoot since the evening, and an incessant exchange of despatches was taking place between Rovigno, Pisino and Trieste.

When Andrea returned home about eleven o'clock he brought back the news, which was thus rather favorable than otherwise.

Sandorf and Bathory had had their breakfast taken them into their room by Maria, and were finishing it as he appeared. The few hours' sleep, the good food and the careful attention had entirely recovered them from their fatigues.

"Well, my good friend?" asked Count Sandorf as soon as Andrea closed the door.

"Gentlemen, I do not think you have anything to be afraid of at present."

"But what do they say in the town?" asked Bathory.

"They are talking a good deal about two strangers who were seen yesterday morning when they landed on the bank of the Leme Canal—and that concerns you.

"It does concern us," answered Bathory. "A man, a saltworker in the neighborhood has seen and reported us."

And Andrea Ferrato was told of what had passed at the ruined farm while they were in hiding.

"And you do not know who this informer was?" asked the fisherman.

"We did not see him," replied Sandorf; "we could only hear him."

"That is a pity," said Ferrato. "But the important thing is that they have lost trace of you, and if it is supposed that you have taken refuge in my house I do not think any one would betray you. The promise of one is binding on all in these parts."

"Yes," answered Sandorf, "and I am not surprised at that. A fine lot of fellows are the people of these provinces! But we have to do with the Austrian officials, and they will not leave a stone unturned to retake us."

"There is one thing in your favor," said the fisherman, "and that is the pretty general opinion that you have already crossed the Adriatic."

"And would to heaven they had!" added Maria, who had joined her hands as if in prayer.

"That we shall do, my dear child," said Sandorf, in a tone of entire confidence, "that we shall do with heaven's help—"

"And mine, Count," replied Andrea. "Now I am going on with my work as usual. People are accustomed to see us getting our nets ready on the beach, or cleaning up the balancello, and we must not alter that. Besides I must go and study the weather before I decide what to do. You remain in this room. Do not leave it on any pretext. If necessary you can open the window on to the yard, but remain at the back of the room and do not let yourselves be seen. I will come back in an hour or two."

Andrea then left the house accompanied by Luigi, and Maria busied herself with the housework as usual.

A few fishermen were on the beach. As a matter of precaution he went and exchanged a few words with them before beginning on his nets.

"The wind is pretty steady now," said one of them.

"Yes," answered Andrea, "that last storm cleared the weather for us."

"Hum!" added another, "the breeze will freshen towards evening and turn to a storm if the bora joins in with it."

"Good! Then the wind will blow off the land, and the sea will not be so lively among the rocks."

"We shall see!"

"Are you going fishing to-night, Andrea?"

"Certainly, if the weather will let me."

"But the embargo?"

"The embargo is only on big ships, not on coast rig boats."

"All the better; for we have got a report that shoals of tunnies are coming up from the south and there is no time to lose in getting out the madragues."

"Good," said Andrea. "But we shall lose nothing."

"Eh? Perhaps not."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

ON THE 22D OF FEBRUARY,

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FOUR YEARS AGO,

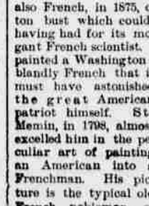
George Washington Was Born—A Few of the Many Representations of the Hero Whose Birthday We Honor. How Composite Photographs are Made.

No other American has been so often a subject for the painter's brush as George Washington. Artists and sculptors, native and foreign, have expended their skill upon him with results which refuse to agree. Each picture and bust represents a different man in looks and character. No two resemble each other. But for the fact that they are labeled "Washington," it would be impossible to guess who the original had been.

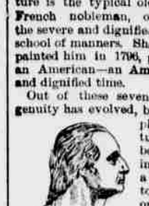
Over three hundred portraits, busts and statues of the great Pater Patriæ by painters and sculptors who were distinguished in their day are in existence. They depict their immortal subject in as many different guises. Sometimes they make him a noble Roman, with a nose that equals the bravest of them in contour and a mouth as grim as a stone wall; again they make him a sinister old barrister, a wily diplomat, a bespangled brigand, or a smirking courtier. The following picture is from Gilbert Stuart's painting painted in 1796.

It was long since discovered that every one put some of his personality and even his nationality into his work. When the work is picture making, particularly portrait making, the subject undergoes a denationalizing process and comes out, when the picture is finished, a countryman of the artist. This isn't a fancy; it's an undeniable and rather tragic fact. Photography will do the same thing for its subjects.

Washington has suffered this kind of transformation with greater frequency and cruelty than any other martyr dead or alive. He, the grandest American of all, the truest patriot, has been sent out on canvas and in marble as a Frenchman, a Dutchman an Englishman, and every other kind of a man that he was not. In order to demonstrate this fact, we reproduce here a few of the pictures of Washington by artists of different nationality.



A bust made in 1792 by Ceracchi, an Italian, makes an inflexible Roman of him, stern and grim as Cato. Unconsciously the Italian artist Italianized him. A picture by Wright, an Englishman, made in 1790, transforms him into a haughty old Briton. De Brehan, a Frenchman, made a bust of him in 1789, which depicts him as a French hero. Houdon, also French, in 1875, completed a Washington bust which could well be mistaken as having had for its model a refined and elegant French scientist. In 1779 Du Simitière painted a Washington portrait, which is so blandly French that it must have astonished the great American patriot himself. St. Memin, in 1798, almost excelled him in the peculiar art of painting an American into a Frenchman. His picture is the typical old French nobleman, of the severe and dignified school of manners. Sharpless, an American, painted him in 1796, permitting him to be an American—an American of that grave and dignified time.



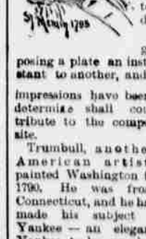
Out of these seven profiles modern ingenuity has evolved, by means of composite photography, one picture which contains the best of the seven, and in all probability bears a stronger resemblance to the original than any one of them. In this the seven artists present, in one face, their impressions of the great Washington's appearance. Each artist contributes only one-seventh of the whole. No one has an opportunity of putting more of himself in the picture than he is entitled to. Each artist's work differs from the others, yet the picture evolved from all is distinct.

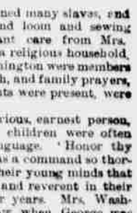
This photograph is the work of W. Curtis Taylor, a leading photographer of Philadelphia, who found his subjects among the collection of William S. Baker, of that city. Possibly all the world may not yet know that composite photography has been brought to something like perfection, and that its uses are ennobling. It gleans from many the best and builds up a single picture which represents the spirit of many. Its efforts are not confined to pictures of the same subject. From many faces it can evolve one that will have the beauties of all that contributed to it, and none of their defects.

A composite photograph is made by exposing a plate an instant to one face, an instant to another, and so on, until as many impressions have been taken as the artists determine shall contribute to the composite.

Trumbull, another American artist, painted Washington in 1790. He was from Connecticut, and he has made his subject a Yankee, to be sure, but still a Yankee.

Gilbert Stuart's portrait of Washington, painted in 1795, is the one the American public regard with the greatest fondness. It has been copied oftener than any other, and has fastened itself on the mind of the generations since it was painted as the ideal Washington. It comes up to our conception of what he must have been. The features are firm and strong. The face is symmetrical and grand, the expression calm and noble. The head is majestic enough to have been cut out of granite. The painter was an American, and he has made Washington an American—a godlike American, what all might be and few are. This picture could well be used as a model of the perfected American. In the face are the strength, heroism and calm wisdom which distinguished the character of Washington. It is majestic, ennobled, grand.





WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY, FEB. 22, 1886.

Send a thunderous sound, O cannon! from your throat and iron lips
To the life that feel chained Freedom from the shadow of eclipse.
Mock with brazen throated laughter, on this glorious natal morn,
Sounds of woe and battle-travail, 'midst which Freedom's state was born!
Bloom with red and white, O banners! on the cold and wintry air;
Shine, O stars, in fields of azure!

The Columbian.

O. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1886.

John B. Gough was striken with paralysis Monday evening, while lecturing in the Frankford Presbyterian church at Philadelphia.

Election Reform.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN:—I am writing this while the February election is progressing, and therefore am uninfluenced by results. My object is to submit to the consideration of our party the necessity for a reform in the selection of candidates to be elected for the government and public duties of the town of Bloomsburg. It has long been manifest that neither our system of voting nor our caucus or public meeting selection of candidates is entirely unobjectionable. Indeed they are failures singly and collectively. In my mind the results now obtained are failures for lack of party responsibility; and whether in town, township, county or state politics the failure is most undoubted. One party or the other must conduct the government, and be responsible for the failure and credited with the success, for in case of a combination between them it is mere corruption and negligence, division and silence. Let us be done with it, now and forever.

My idea is that the Democratic party of the town of Bloomsburg should on the Saturday week before the spring election, elect one delegate for every thirty voters and fraction of twenty thereof, by districts, each person voting for the whole number to be elected; and that those delegates should meet on the Tuesday before the election, and select and put in nomination the full ticket of officers to be elected. As to instruction to delegates, and methods of nomination, these are mere matters of detail and can be previously arranged by a few simple rules to be submitted, considered and adopted.

In this way, the Democratic party by making good nominations and electing competent men would be able to manage the affairs of the town; and if they did not elect good, competent and responsible men, they would be displaced as they ought to be. Where both parties are responsible, neither party is responsible. No matter what the charge may be, the answer is "You're another." And the people and the public interests suffer while the different party office holders are dividing the spoil or fixing things for the next round.

What say you, Democrats?

AN OLD ONE.

Controller of the Currency.

The following article in which our distinguished townsman, Hon. C. R. Buckalew is mentioned, is taken from a special Washington despatch to the St. Paul (Minn.) *Press* of Feb. 6th:

The president's ignorance of the views of Mr. Gurney, controller of the city of Chicago, on the silver question has alone stood between the latter and an appointment as controller of the currency. The president will put none but anti-silver men on guard, and if Mr. Gurney is in favor of the suspension of silver, and will show good cause for his opinions he will undoubtedly receive appointment. An inquiry is now being made by the president's direction into Mr. Gurney's record and views, and if the results are satisfactory his nomination may be expected at any time. There are some strong candidates for the place. Among them are:

William H. English of Ohio, who assisted Gen. Hancock during the presidential campaign; ex-Congressman Buckner of Missouri, ex-Senator Buckalew of Pennsylvania, E. O. Graves, the chief of the bureau of engraving and printing of the treasury department; C. A. Fulsom of Illinois, W. E. Bracket, a prominent banker of Tennessee, and J. W. Morgan of Indiana, a relative of the late Vice President Hendricks.

Ex-Senator Buckalew of Pennsylvania has very strong endorsements, is all right on the silver question and is very favorably thought of, but to avoid the criticism that is so frequent also about relations between the currency bureau and the New York custom house the president has decided that the new controller must be a Western man. The Indiana men want English appointed, but he is considered too old and unpopular. The president knows very well that English would not add any strength to the administration, but would be a heavy load to carry. He wants a man that will be confirmed at once, as the office is now in charge of a green young person named Snyder, who was appointed deputy controller a short time ago. Gurney is said to fill the bill in case his position on the silver question is found to be satisfactory.

Another Great Man Gone.

HORATIO SEYMOUR DEAD.

Ex-Governor Horatio Seymour died at his home in Utica N. Y. last Friday night, after a protracted illness.

Horatio Seymour was born in Onondaga County, New York, in 1811. He received a liberal education, studied for the bar and upon his admission began practice at Utica. From the first he was singularly successful in his profession. In 1842 he was elected to the Legislature and served in that important position until 1845, when he retired, and for five years gave his entire attention to the law. During this period he advanced with remarkable rapidity and became famous all over the State as a profound lawyer and eloquent advocate. In 1850 he was nominated for Governor by the Democratic Convention. The Whig candidate was Washington Hunt. After a contest of exceptional activity Mr. Hunt was elected. In 1852 Mr. Seymour was again nominated. His dignified bearing through the first contest and after defeat greatly increased his popularity and in the second contest he defeated his antagonist by an overwhelming majority. He was inaugurated in 1853, and signalized his administration by vetoing the Maine liquor law. In 1854 he was renominated. There were four candidates in the field and Mr. Seymour was again defeated, after a keenly contested canvass by which nearly a half million votes were brought to the polls.

Though defeated Mr. Seymour had lost none of his popularity in the Empire State, and his fame as a wise Executive had spread all over the entire country. In 1856 his name was presented to the Democratic Presidential Convention, held at Cincinnati, for the nomination for President. But he was unsuccessful, the influence of Pennsylvania and fame of James Buchanan having carried the body in favor of the Pennsylvania favorite. After this count Governor Seymour again turned his attention to his profession. But his fellow-citizens were unwilling to consent to his permanent retirement, and in 1862 he was again forced into public life. It was in the early period of the Civil War and the people insisted on the wisest and best men coming to the front. Thus moved in a great emergency Governor Seymour was dragged from the seclusion into which he had withdrawn, by the Democrats of his native State, and nominated for Governor. The Republican candidate was General Wadsworth. The passions of war had inflamed men and the contest that ensued was unexampled for bitterness and energy. But Mr. Seymour was elected and was inaugurated on the 1st of January, 1863.

At no time in the history of the country was there so much need of great ability, sublime patriotism and unflinching courage as during the term of office that succeeded. Governor Seymour was equal to every emergency that confronted him. When the Confederate army invaded Pennsylvania, and directed its course toward Harrisburg, the call for aid on Governor Seymour was responded to with a ready alacrity and promptness that had a marked influence in turning the tide against the invaders at Gettysburg. In fact he sent more than Governor Curtin asked for, and the response was so swift and effective that it served to strengthen the spirits of the despairing Pennsylvanians who seemed already to have abandoned hope.

It was during this year also that the draft riot occurred in New York City, and in that trying emergency Governor Seymour manifested not only his devotion to the cause in which the country was engaged but his great mastery over men. The enforcing of the Conscript act of Congress had proved a riot that threatened to devastate the city. Men were wild. The military was invoked to subjugate them, and that only intensified their passions. When the outbreak was at its height and the property of the city in peril of destruction, Governor Seymour appeared on the scene. He took no heed of his personal safety, sought no councils from personal fear, but put himself in the midst of the mob and by his magnetic eloquence stayed the surging mass of maddened men, led them back to their homes, and restored tranquility and order. It was a most remarkable consummation. It exemplified the benign influence of kindness even under the most adverse circumstances. It saved the city, prevented carnage and bloodshed, and removed one of the greatest dangers that menaced this country during the war. For this great act of heroism Presedent Lincoln personally thanked Governor Seymour. He likewise thanked him over his own signature for his promptness in sending troops to Pennsylvania to repel the invading army of Lee.

In 1868 Governor Seymour was nominated for the President of the United States by the Democratic Convention which assembled in Tammany Hall, New York, on the Fourth of July of that year. Everybody remembers the extraordinary incidents of that convention. It was in session five days and several times threatened to dissolve without accomplishing the work for which it was called. Governor Seymour presided. George H. Pendleton, Winfield Scott Hancock, who was buried last Saturday, Thomas H. Hendricks, whose honored grave is not yet green, Joel Parker, of New Jersey; James R. Doolittle, of Wisconsin and Asa Packer were voted for. Pendleton had the majority of the convention on several ballots but was unable to get the necessary two-thirds. On the fifth day at the opening of the convention Pendleton's name was withdrawn and on the twentieth ballot, the second of the day, Hancock received 142 1-2 votes: Another ballot was taken without result. Several efforts had been made previously to get Governor Seymour to consent to the use of his name, but he refused. Finally General McCook voted the Ohio delegation for him. Mr. Seymour protested that he couldn't accept the nomination, though with unconcealed emotion he thanked the convention for the compliment. Mr. Vallandigham said: "In times of great exigency and calamity every personal consideration should be cast aside." He insisted that Governor Seymour must yield to the Administration in his behalf. Ohio's vote must and should stand for Horatio Seymour. One after another, the other States followed, and at the close of the ballot, Seymour was nominated unanimously.

The contest was unexampled in bitterness and activity. The opposition candidate was General Grant, and the bitterness of the war was invoked to turn the tide which in the early period of the contest seemed to be decidedly in favor of the Democratic candidate. The New York *Herald*, a Grant paper gave up the contest a month before the election, but a week before the vote the New York *World* with a treachery that has not been equaled since until its recent betrayal of its party in the interest of the Bell Telephone monopoly turned against the candidate and precipitated defeat. The result of the ballot was that Grant received 3,015,071 votes, and 214 votes in the Electral College, while Seymour got 2,709,623 votes and 71 of the Electoral College.

Since that time Governor Seymour has been living at his home in Utica, an honored citizen enjoying the retirement which he had earned by matchless services to his kind and country. Five years ago he was drawn to the edge of the grave by an attack similar to the malady which has now proved fatal.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15, 1886.

There have been many rumors during the week of impending Cabinet changes. The rumors are periodic and usually unfounded. The Treasury and Department of Justice are the offices particularly referred to, and in the case of the latter, gossip goes so far as to designate the Attorney-General's successor.

There has been more quiet pressure brought to bear upon the Administration to effect Mr. Garland's removal than the public is aware of. But the President keeps his own counsel, and he is quoted as having intimated to an officious friend, after patiently listening to his suggestion on this subject, that when he desired advice touching his own business, he would ask for it. Besides, Mr. Garland is a proud man, and would not be willing to remain in his present position a day were he not assured of the President's fullest confidence.

As for the Secretary of the Treasury, should he conclude to retire it could scarcely be from dissatisfaction with his position or with the President, or for any dissatisfaction on the part of the President with him, as they have worked in perfect accord together for a longer period than this Presidential term. Mr. Manning has often said however, that he only entered the Cabinet to assist the President in inaugurating certain reforms. This being done, he had no further objection in remaining. He could not desire to make money while holding so important a place as that of the Secretary of the Treasury, and he has often spoken of a settled purpose to retire from public life.

During the present week, Education will be the subject of debate in the Senate and the Fitz John Porter case will be again dragged through the House. Representative Swinburne, of New York, in a speech on the Porter bill, bore testimony, from personal observation, to the jealousies which existed among the officers of the Army and said jealousy seemed to him to be one of the fine arts taught at West Point. The findings of the Court martial in the case of General Porter were he thought, largely the result of jealousy. He was followed by Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, who said Porter was guilty of treachery, and ought to have been shot.

The discussions which the Blair Educational bill elicited in the Senate during the last Congress are likely to be repeated in this. The subject was exhaustively considered then, and little that is new can be said upon it now.

Senator Morgan of Alabama, is still in the fore front of the opposition with a clearer field before him now that Mr. Garland is not there to confute him. He still argues that the bill cannot find a foot hold in the Constitution, and that it is an unwarrantable invasion of the States' rights. He does not believe that the whole country should be taxed for the benefit of localities, and he protests that the Government has no more right to make appropriations for the public schools of a State than for its churches or dispensaries.

The Senator said he knew many would reproach him for opposing a measure that seemed to be a great benefit to the people of Alabama but he prayed God he might not falter in giving obedience to the Constitution he had sworn to support. His answer to the enlightened people of his State would be that he preferred the spirit of truth, which dieth not, to the body of error even though crowned with jewels, for its bridal with death.

In the course of these remarks, Senator George of Mississippi, asked him if Calhoun had not voted for a certain measure. "I don't know" replied the Senator from Alabama, "and with all respect for the memory of Mr. Calhoun, I don't care. Mr. Calhoun voted on both sides of many questions, and voted sincerely every time."

There were two brilliant events at the White House during the past week. The President's third State dinner was held in honor of the Supreme Court, and the first card reception of the winter was given to the Diplomatic Corps. To this both Houses of Congress were invited, besides the officers of the Army and Navy, the Judiciary, and various other officials in Washington. The rain poured down in torrents, but it was a carriage reception and no one attended who did not go in carriages. Congress had been invited only through the papers, as it frequently has been of late years, on such occasions and a number of Senators were conspicuous for their absence. One of them remarked that he would not attend even a caucus on such an announcement. He knew the President did not intend any slight, but he was not in favor of carrying Jeffersonian simplicity quite so far.

WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING?

Dear COLUMBIAN: Governments have had their glory, dominion and decay, in all ages. The lessons of example and experience are the best. The Republic of Rome commenced to die when the Gracchi died—it was finished completely when Caesar watered his horse in the Rubicon and marched on to Rome, and for a crown. There were essential causes that produced the death of the Roman Empire. Her conquests enriched her, and she plunged into luxury, profligacy, corruption. The many peoples she conquered became neve affiliated with her; though subjugated they were aliens. She dragged them at her chariot wheels to adorn her triumphed marches with all their wealth she robbed them of as trophies. Many of the conquered were dungeoned and destroyed; many were thrust into her armies that rendered them alien and dubious armies. Millions were foreigners and annuled the loyalty and force of the native born. By a succession of conquests she acquired dominion and area that she could not manage, hence constant revolts abroad or social and interrecine war at home. Her tyrant emperors, while depriving the people of all voice in the government, administered to their venality and corruption by giving them free shows. The Coliseum held an hundred thousand spectators to look down upon the arena of gladiators struggling with each other, or with lions; and these emperors fed the populace free of charge, thus keeping them in indolence. Oppressive taxation and dominion and power of the priesthood were great agencies in sinking the people into vassalage. Roman generals when they got beyond the sight of Rome, did pretty much as they pleased. The Romans divorced their wives on almost any pretext, they owned hundreds of slaves apiece, foreign and native born, and owned their lives which they could save or destroy. What could keep Rome from falling under these circumstances? We turn from Rome to ourselves. We have no politics in this article. The minds of our people naturally turn to finance, taxes, economy, decreased expenditures, honest and enlightened legislation tariffs, railroad, telegraph monopolies, that are robbing the people; to the administration of the revenue laws, to embezzlements and robberies of the Treasury by dishonest office holders, to give out immense contracts by which vast fortunes are rapidly made, to the monopoly of our public lands by foreign capitalists and home money kings and railroads; to subsidies of untold millions of bonds to the same purpose; to lobbyists, gamblers and speculators that infest Washington under every administration, Democratic or Republican. Office holders go in poor and come out rich—the people foot the bill. Whither are we drifting? Is our vast population of 55 millions to sink into the vassalage of the Roman populace! What then will become of the country? We may talk about the American Eagle, the star spangled banner, the sovereignty of the people, the elective franchise the great American Republic in the face of all these circumstances. It is mere bosh. These things have become delusions while the Republic is sinking into corruption, vassalage and ruin.

E. J. B.

FOUND IN THE RIVER.

THE BODY OF JOHN D. HARRINGTON OF AUBURN, RECOVERED AT MIFFLIN.

MURDERED AT BINGHAMTON DEC. 9TH.

Last Monday morning as Jacob Bittenbender and A. M. Hess were catching wood in the river about a mile above Mifflinville, they observed an object approaching that did not seem to be a log. There was clothing on it, and they caught it and drew it out on shore, when they found it was the body of a man. He was apparently a man of about 45 years, heavy build, well dressed in a suit of black, with overcoat, but no hat. On the watch pocket of the pants was the name of a clothing firm of Auburn N. Y. The body had evidently been in the water several weeks, and had some marks on it which might have been made by the ice. The finders quickly sent word into the village of what they had discovered, and Samuel Snyder, Esq., empannelled a coroner's jury, consisting of R. W. Smith, J. F. Peiffer, W. E. Mowrey, Alfred Hess, Geo. E. Creasy, and C. W. Hess. The verdict of the jury was that deceased came to his death by causes unknown to them. The body was taken in charge by the overseers of the poor, and conveyed to a little building in the cemetery after being placed in a coffin. On the shirt of deceased was the name John Harrington, and in several other parts of his clothing were the initials J. D. H. No papers were found to identify him.

There was a watch chain, but no watch, nor pocket book. Telegrams were sent up the river making inquiries, and on Tuesday noon a brother of the deceased arrived at Mifflinville and identified the body as that of John D. Harrington of Auburn, N. Y. He was a well to do man, engaged in large contracts, and on the night of Dec. 9, 1885, was in Binghamton. He visited a saloon and was never seen alive after he came out of the place. It was supposed that he had a large amount of money with him, but it happened that he had but $40 in his pocket. It is believed that he was murdered and thrown off the bridge into the river that night.

There are some clues as to the murderers, but as nothing could be done until the body was found, no arrests were made.

Mr. Harrington took the remains home on Wednesday evening.

For the COLUMBIAN.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

BY JOHN SUTTON.

Amoung the earliest reminiscences of my life, is that of my widowed mother in the twilight of the evening, laying aside her work, and gathering her little children around her knee, singing to them patriotic songs and relating to them the legends of the brave and of the free. She told us of Tell, and of Wallace, and of Bruce and of our own Revolutionary heroes, but, bid us remember, that greater, and better than either, was George Washington. Subsequently becoming better acqnainted with his history, the veneration I conceived for him in my childhood strengthened with my years, and now at the age of three score and ten, there is no name on earth, Jesus and my mother excepted, that I revere more than the name of Washington.

Some men die and are almost immediately forgotten, or if remembered at all it is by those who were nearly related or intimately acquainted, and he is, indeed, a poor creature that has no one to love him, while he lives, and shed a tear over him when he dies, others die and are remembered by the generation that was cotemporary with them. But some men never die. Tis true, that the light of the eye goes out the bloom of the cheek fades, the music of the voice is hushed, the strength of the limbs fail, and the body is laid in the grave out of sight, but in their words, in their acts, and in their characters, they still live and will continue to live, while there is a generation on earth capable of appreciating the good and the true.

It is right and proper that we should venerate the names of such men, not that we should make idols of them, and give them the worship due to our creator, but that we should revere the principles of truth and goodness, that dwelt in them and make them worthy of our recollection. Among the great names that grace the pages of history there is no one more dear to the American heart than the name of Washington. We give him the veneration due to the father of his country we look upon as a fixed star, in our political heavens, to which we point with pride in our prosperity and in whose light we find a guide in our adversity. He is our national ideal of all that is good and true in the citizen the general and the statesman. He is the standard by which we measure the professions of others and estimate them in proportion as they come up to that standard.

It cannot be but that the annual celebration of the birthday of such a man when his whole character comes into review and the principles that developed themselves in that character are brought up before the mind, must have some influence for good upon the nation, just as the contemplation of a beautiful picture excites in us the love of the beautiful, and has a tendency to mould us into the same image.

A Great Victory

A Terrible Case of Scrofula Cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"In the winter of 1879 I was attacked with Scrofula in one of the most aggravating forms. At one time I had no less than thirteen large abscesses over and around my neck and throat, continually exuding an offensive mass of bloody matter disgusting to behold, and almost intolerable to endure. It is impossible to fully describe my sufferings, as the case was complicated with Chronic Catarrh. After three years of misery, having been treated by three physicians, I was worse than ever. Finally, on the recommendation of W. J. Huntley, druggist, of Lockport, I was induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. And now, after having taken twelve bottles, within the last twelve months, the scrofulous eruptions have entirely ceased, and the abscesses have all disappeared, except the unsightly scars, which are daily becoming smaller by degrees, and beautifully less. I do not know what it may have done for others, but I do know that in my case, Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved an effective specific indeed. As an evidence of my gratitude I send these facts unsolicited, and I am ready to verify the authenticity of this cure, by personal correspondence with any one who doubts it." CHARLES A. ROBERTS, East Wilson, N. Y.

This statement is confirmed by W. J. Huntley, druggist, of Lockport, N. Y., who calls the cure *a great victory* for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Send for book giving statements of many cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-St. N. Y. Oct 16-1y

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

COLDS. "Corville, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1882. "Having been subject to a bronchial affection, with frequent colds, for a number of years, I hereby certify that AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL gives me prompt relief, and is the most effective remedy I have ever tried. JAMES A. HAMILTON, Editor of *The Crescent*."

COUGHS. "Mt. Gilead, Ohio, June 26, 1882. "I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL this spring for a severe cough and lung trouble with good effect, and I am pleased to recommend it to any one similarly affected. HARVEY BAUGHMAN, Proprietor Globe Hotel."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a resolution of the stockholders of the Espy Lime and Cement Co, an application will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county on Monday, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1886, at ten o'clock a. m., praying for the dissolution of said corporation.

G. W. CREVELING, Pres.
Feb.19,4t. C. M. CREVELING, Sec. & Treas.

A BIG OFFER. To introduce them we will GIVE AWAY 1,000 self-operating washing machines. If you want one send us your name, P. O. and express office at once. THE NATIONAL CO., 21 Dey St., N. Y. (Feb.12-4t-r.

STATEMENT OF THE COUNTY FINANCES,

From January 5th, 1885, to January 1st, 1886.
STATEMENT SHOWING TAXES ASSESSED AND BALANCE STILL DUE.

DISTRICTS.	TAXES ASSESSED. County Tax.	Dog.	State Tax.	STILL DUE County.	Dog.
Beaver	$621 35	$88 50	$12 70	*	*
Benton	832 28	79 50	9 50	429 85	79 50
Berwick	1904 59	61 00	70 00	765 93	61 00
Bloom	4019 21	69 50	152 24	2037 98	69 50
Briarcreek	1145 23	73 50	5 80	416 09	73 5
Catawissa	1890 36	58 50	61 58	296 84	58 50
Centralia	1029 47	4 50	4 80	387 45	4 50
Centre	1623 61	83 50	29 35	1315 81	83 50
Conyng h'm	2580 18	6 00	1 50	291 41	6 00
Fishing cr'k	1114 18	83 00	26 70	515 88	83 00
Franklin	543 65	49 50	9 05	*	*
Greenwood	1246 74	103 00	39 15	661 19	103 00
Hemlock	981 00	57 50	9 35	430 65	57 50
Jackson	779 49	54 00	4 80	19 96	54 00
Locust	1207 15	118 50	26 20	532 22	118 50
Madison	1005 25	82 50	16 65	210 52	82 50
Main	605 70	48 00	27 35	160 04	48 00
Mifflin	1064 52	76 50	37 10	399 81	76 50
†Montour	7816 84	145 5	19 35	110. 50	144 50
Mt Pleasant	606 89	60 00	19 70	372 00	60 00
Orange	851 96	51 00	25 70	468 37	51 50
Pine	1145 95	61 50	3 90	434 55	61 50
Roaringc'k	401 63	40 50	5 50	* *	* *
Scott	1399 65	74 50	84 40	639 27	74 50
Sugarloaf	362 63	65 50	*	121 13	65 50
	28542.73	1576.00	701.98	10667.50	1411.50

Amount due for years previous to 1885.

Districts	Year.	Collectors	County	Dog
Bloom	1884	W B Allen	$ 841 53	$ 79 50
Centralia	1884	David Walsh	748 87	50
Bloom	1880	Reuben Harris	494 50	83 00
			$ 208490	$ 163 00

PETER A. EVANS, Treasurer of Columbia Co., in account with said county on county funds. January 5th, 1885.

To amt uncollected prior to '85	.....	$ 12565 61
" " on hand at last settlement	.....	5 21
" county tax assessed in 1885	.....	28542 73
" tax on registry of voters	.....	58 26
" State tax refunded to A M Johnson on unpaid interest	.....	9 20
" Jonas Kline, rent, old jail	.....	61 00
" Daniel Laubach, do.	.....	28 75
" Abraham Strausser, surplus money on Elias Krum tract	.....	83
" Z H Shultz, wash stand	.....	1 00
" Wm Geiger, deed held by Commissioners redeemed	.....	12 60
" Isaac Henry's est., deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	7 24
" John Kulnes deed, held by Commissioners redeemed	.....	19 02
" Jacob Lynn, deed, held by Commissioners redeemed	.....	5 45
" C B Brockway, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	13 32
" Ira D Kline, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	7 59
" Sarah Fisher, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	6 61
" Jacob Yohe, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	3 17
" C Schiaubach, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	6 27
" B H Vannata, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	88 66
" George Rice, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	7 21
" Mary Kline, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	6 02
" Daniel Stine, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	6 02
" C B Brockway, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	6 84
" Peter McManamum, deed held by Commissioners, redeemed	.....	3 95
" amt received from sale of lands sold by Commissioners	.....	150 09
" Richard Ivey, old spouting	.....	1 10
" Wm Schechterly, jury fee	.....	4 00
" John Brelsch, old bridge plank, Catawissa	.....	3 00
" C W Eves, old bridge	.....	15 00
" Mathias Kline, old desk	.....	50
" Thomas Gorrey, old carpet	.....	1 50
" Washington Parr, old screen	.....	1 40
" James Lake, old carpet	.....	60
" George Beagle, jury fee	.....	4 00
" G A Herring, old bridge plank	.....	84
" W H Snyder, jury fees	.....	49 78
" " " costs in case of Com vs McCormick	.....	15 85
" W H Snyder, " costs in case of Com vs Geo Snyder	.....	11 80
" David Giffin, old bridge plank, Catawissa	.....	10 00
" D R Coffman, old scythe	.....	55
" B Stohner, rent old jail stable	.....	12 00
" Washington Parr, old bridge plank, Catawissa	.....	6 00
" Wm Benninger, old bridge plank, Catawissa	.....	6 00
" Philip Miller, old bridge plank, Catawissa	.....	8 00
" W H Snyder, hat rack and iron rod	.....	1 15
" rebate from State for support of Lizzie Hawley, Warren hospital	.....	58 59
" amt collected on unseated land	.....	60 09
" " " seated land	.....	15 71
" received from dog fund	.....	841 98
		$ 42731 72

By commission, exonerations and returns allowed collectors for 1885 and previous years.

Districts.	Com.	Ex.	Districts.	Com.	Ex.
1885.			Hemlock	$48 14	$ 15 37
Beaver	$30 25	$ 18 39	Locust	59 76	14 75
Franklin	27 18		Madison	49 91	18 67
Roaringc'k	20 00	1 20	Main	30 53	4 75
1884.			Mifflin	53 35	4 80
Beaver	29 67	41 78	Montour	40 73	1 60
Benton	41 46	4 90	Mt Pleasant	29 15	22 50
Berwick	94 22	52 51	Orange	42 02	8 90
Briarcreek	56 87	3 08	Pine	20 00	15 50
Catawissa	92 07	24 70	Scott	69 00	25 01
Center	81 94	14 47	Sugarloaf	21 78	2 95
Conyngham	57 26	107 21	1885.		
Fishingcre'k	55 76	5 91	Centralia	8 03	64 37
Greenwood	64 32	16 57	Center	81 68	12 93

		$1374 99 4504 11
By total commission		$ 1374 99
" " exonerations and returns		504 11
" county orders redeemed (1885)		24499 59
" " No 739 (84)		3500 00
" amt due from collectors		12752 40
" commission to Treasurer		1079 98
" amt to meet State quota		47 71
" bal in hands of Treasurer		72 94
		$ 42731 72

PETER A EVANS in account with dog fund, January 5, '85.

To amt due at last settlement	.....	$ 1575 76
" " assessed in '85	.....	1576 00
		$ 3151 76

CR.

Districts.	Com.	Ex.	Districts.	Com.	Ex.
1885.			Locust	$ 5 62	$ 10 01
Beaver	$ 3 70	$ 9 50	Madison	3 45	4 50
Frank in	2 02		Main	2 40	1 50
Roaringcreek	2 00	50	Mifflin	8 82	1 60
1884.			Montour	1 95	2 50
Beaver	4 67	4 50	Mt Pleasant	2 67	5 00
Benton	3 62	1 50	Orange	2 62	50
Berwick	2 25	5 50	Pine	2 72	2 00
Briarcreek	3 62	4 00	Scott	3 45	4 50
Catawissa	2 62	4 00	Sugarloaf	3 20	1 00
Centre	3 62	6 00	1882 and 1883.		
Conyngham	03		Benton, '82	3 05	1 50
Fishingcreek	4 02	1 50	Centralia, '83	03	
Greenwood	4 95	5 00	Centre	3 57	5 50
Hemlock	1 95	1 50			

		$ 77 17 $ 83 00
By commission to collectors		$ 77 17
" exonerations allowed collectors		83 00
" orders paid for '85		547 73
" amt paid to county		841 98
" " due from collectors		1574 50
" commission to Treasurer		37 38
		$ 3151 76

P A EVANS, Treas., in account with State fund. Jan 5, '85. Dr.

To State tax assessed in '85	.....	$ 701 98
" amt paid to meet State quota from Co funds	.....	47 71
		$ 749 69

CR.

By commission on duplicates settled for '85.

Districts.	Com.	Districts.	Com.
Beaver	$ 61	Hemlock	$ 41
Benton	48	Jackson	32
Berwick	3 54	Locust	1 31
Bloom	7 61	Madison	83
Briarcreek	29	Main	1 24
Catawissa	3 07	Mifflin	1 85
Centralia	94	Montour	76
Centre	1 46	Mt Pleasant	99
Conyngham	68	Orange	1 28
Fishingcreek	1 35	Pine	16
Franklin	45	Roaringcreek	97
Greenwood	1 96	Scott	4 24
			$ 35 05

By commission to collectors		$ 35 05
" amt paid State quota for '85		707 49
" commission to Treasurer		7 15
		$ 749 69

COMMISSIONERS' EXPENSES,

For which orders were issued on the Treasurer.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

G W Sterner recording Treas. and Com's bonds	$ 20 80
George W Sterner, expressage	35
Guy Jacoby auditing public accounts	50 00
Moyer Bros expressage	2 25
A M Johnson State tax over paid on bonds	9 20
W C McKinney expressage	3 30
J S Grimes bill for teachers institute	192 50
W H Snyder reading names of twp off	50 00
Freas Brown insurance on old jail	25 50
Thomas Gorrey repairing old jail	14 80
F W Redeker autopsy on H Handsworth	5 00
John Mourey taking H Albertson to asylum	6 65
R R Little costs in equity case	19 60
Jonas Kline repairs at old jail	1 66
Guy Jacoby, costs etc, in case Mourey vs county	24 61
Creasy & Wells, lumber, old jail	7 35
John Mourey, taking A Peterman to Phila	50 00
Guy Jacoby, acknowledging Commissioners deeds	18 75
Wm Schnyder, Prothonotary bill	95 62
John M Clark, costs in case of Seward vs county	1 40
D R Coffman, repairs old jail	2 60
W H Hess, burial expenses, samuel Spobenberger	35 00
A K Smith, room rent for assessors	3 00
Daniel Laubach, repairs old jail	13 75
Daniel F Barry, burial expenses, Ralph Kirby	35 00
J P Tustin, interest on Co. order No 739	82 92
	$ 761 49

COURTS, JURORS' PAY AND CONSTABLE'S RETURNS.

John Mourey, serving jury notices		$ 123 00
Constables' returns during year		299 97
Grand jurors during year		883 86
Traverse jurors	"	2468 87
Court crier	"	200 00
Tipstaves	"	204 00
S S Walker, Stenographer, $10 per day.		520 03
" Murphy vs Hernon et al		5 40
" Lewars vs Weaver		9 85
" Wolf vs Miller		17 42
" Burrell vs Reading R R Co		55 83
" Weir vs Angell		23 14
" Grove vs Ager		12 00
" Moyer vs Lewers		6 39
A D Seely const		48 00
Geo W Derr, jury commissioner		45 85
Abraham Rice, jury	"	47 00
John B Casey, clerk, to same	"	20 40
		$ 4853 59

COSTS IN COMMONWEALTH CASES WHERE THE COUNTY BECAME LIABLE.

Justices, constables and witnesses	$ 591 77
R Buckingham, late District Att'y	56 00
F P Billmeyer, District Attorney	38 00
Wm H Snyder, clerk of court	53 00
	$ 739 07

ROAD & BRIDGE VIEWERS & ROAD DAMAGES.

Sundry persons as viewers		$ 532 65
John Megargel, damage, Orange		275 00
Wm Tomb, "	Centre	25 00
John V Oelliver "	Pine	10 00
Daniel Whitmire "	Centre	15 00
Geo Buckle "	Centre	80 00
Geo Hahn "	Greenwood	51 00
A E Girton "	Pine	5 00
George W Derr "	Greenwood	45 00
Alleph Whitmire "	Centre	10 00
Samuel Whitmire "	Centre	5 00
J F Pfahler "	Catawissa	275 00
Charlotte Long "	"	375 00
F L Brannan "	"	175 00
Wm Lyons "	Pine	25 00
Lewis Chamberlain "	Jackson	10 00
E J Sones "	"	25 00
Samuel Gable jr "	Locust	10 00
Daniel Fry, "	Montour	15 00
John Kramer "	Fishingcreek	13 00
Henry Ketler "	"	15 00
W J Kramer "

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION

Are very prevalent in America, and it is not a matter to be wondered at that it is so. The American people eat a great deal of bread. Much of the bread, white light and attractive in appearance, is injurious, because of the inferior elements used in the yeast.

Warner's Safe Yeast

is guaranteed to be pure and wholesome, health preserving and efficient. If your grocer does not keep it order it by mail of

Warner's Safe Yeast Comp'y, Rochester, N Y

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY, 19, 1886.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6:36 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
3:42 p. m.	6:18 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

SOUTH.	SOUTH.
6:21 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
10:21 a. m.	11:44 a. m.
2:20 p. m.	4:34 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

—o—

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:50 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
6.37 p. m.	4:15 p. m.

SUNDAY.

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:14 a m	6:48 p m

PUBLIC SALES.

Mary Smith will sell personal property on the premises of Aaron Smith in Hemlock township on Thursday, Feb. 18, at 10 a. m.

March 4 J. P. Freas will sell valuable personal property on his premises in Briarcreek township, near Berwick, at 10 o'clock a. m.

March 4. H. H. Hulme,executor of Sam. Appleman,dec'd, will sell valuable personal property on the premises in Benton township at 10 o'clock a. m.

George W. Farver, executor of George Farver, deceased, will sell valuable real estate on premises in Jackson township, on Saturday, February 20, 1886, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. See advertisement.

Stephen Pohe will sell valuable personal property on his farm in Centre township Thursday March 4, 1886, commencing at 9 o'clock. Several head of horses and cattle, also chickens, farming utensils, &c.

Personal.

G. W. Bertsch went to Philadelphia last Saturday returning on Tuesday.

Mr. Edward Brugler spent Sunday in town with his parents at his grandfather's, J. J. Brower.

King's patent combination spectacles at G. A. Clark's bookstore. 4t.

Lewis H. Daniels has been appointed postmaster at Numidia.

Leases for sale at the COLUMBIAN office, 30 cents a dozen by mail.

The case of Grotz vs Ager was argued before Judge Elwell on Wednesday.

A full list of township officers elected on Tuesday will appear in our next issue.

Boyd Cadman will not appear at the Rink on Monday evening on account of sickness.

During the coldest weather the Steam Heating company use about five tons of coal a day.

For Sale.—A cheap and good buggy, only $20. Inquire of A. H. Corell, Printer, Bloomsburg, Pa.

M'Killip's instantaneous process. Best for baby pictures, landscapes, machinery &c. Best work always.

Nathan Driesbach has purchased the store of W. N. Hosler in Fishingercreek, and has removed from Van Camp to Jonestown.

Dr. Snattuck, at the Sanitarium, wishes to exchange two cows, one will be fresh soon, for one fresh cow—Alderney or half Jersey.

The foundations are laid for the buildings of the School Furnishing Co., and the large timber is being hauled on the ground.

B. Stohner is now running his place of business on the European plan. Meals served at any time. Boarding can also be obtained. 2t

Charles Krug is manufacturing a fine stock of window frames. He expects a good season for building this Summer and is preparing for it.

Arrangements are being made to have a 24-hour race on March 22 and 23. The hall has not yet been secured, but will be announced hereafter.

Judge Elwell was admitted to the Bar on the 13th day of February, 1833, so that last Saturday was fifty-three years since he began the practice of law.

"Wild Bill" and J. C. Rux will run a ten-mile race at the Catawissa Rink on Saturday, the 20th, for $10 a side. The race will begin at 9 o'clock p. m.

Luther Rupert has opened a shop for the repairing of watches, clocks, sewing machines, and all kinds of jewelery, in the building on Market square, formerly occupied by Robert Catheart.

Get your sale bills at the COLUMBIAN office where you can get the best job for the least money. They can be ordered by mail by sending us the names, list of articles and time and place of sale. tf

The ice passed off the river at this place Saturday last without doing any damage. The large gorge at the island below Catawissa held the ice back, and many people along the river were in fear until it began moving off.

The firm of Weidenhamer & McKamey of Espy was disolved on February 1st, and the business will be conducted by McKamey & Kerstetter. Mr. Weidenhamer has removed to Watsontown where he has engaged in business with his father.

Bertsch, the tailor, has just received an elegant line of suitings that will be made up very cheap. Also a fine assortment of hats and caps, and neckwear of all kinds. His goods were selected by him personally in the city, and this is a sufficient guaranty of their excellence.

Ice gorges and floods have been prevalent all over the country during the past week. Two square miles of Boston were ten feet under water. Much damage was done to shipping at St. Louis by ice, and trains on the Hudson River railroad were stopped, the track in some places being 18 inches under water.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brower had a family gathering last week. There were present all of their children, viz E. B. Brower, Mrs. James Brugler of Missouri, Mrs. L. S. Wintersteen of Bloomsburg and Mrs. J. H Lingle of Bellefonte, with their wives and husbands, and all but two of the grandchildren.

Gold spectacles at George A. Clark's bookstore. 4t.

Jacob Demott, of Eyer's Grove, died on Thursday, February 11, at the residence of his son, Cyrus, aged 93 years and 5 months. He was the father of William, Cyrus, George and Sam'l Demott and 1 daughter. He was buried on Saturday at 10 o'clock. For more than sixty years he was a consistent member of the Baptist Church, and was a commissioner of Columbia county before Montour was cut off.

The Exchange Hotel will present a brilliant scene this Friday evening, the occasion being a party which will be attended by the youth and beauty of Bloomsburg. The Scranton orchestra of seven pieces will furnish the music and prompter. The dining room will be used for dancing, and while the tables are being spread the orchestra will give a concert in the parlors.

The chronic fault-finding *Sentinel* thinks the Grand Jury went too far in recommending that the Commissioners purchase new carpet for the dwelling department of the jail. This objection would have been more timely had it been made in 1878 by the clerk of the Commissioners, when they purchased new carpet for the jail without even a recommendation from the Grand Jury.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending Feb. 16, 1886:

Mr. E. W. Newton, Mrs. Sallie A. Phillips.

CARDS.

T. J. Morris Esq. M. O'Brien Esq.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A. CLARK, P. M.

The Philadelphia *Weekly Press* is now engaged in publishing a series of papers descriptive of the part taken by Pennsylvania troops in the late war. These articles are written by officers in command, or soldiers who participated in the scenes described, and each will be a vivid pen picture of the most important incident in the war experience of the writer. The first of the series was written by J. W. Hofman, who commanded the Fifty-Sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was entitled "The First Infantry Fire at Gettysburg," and appeared in the issue of January 13th. The second article "Where Reynolds Fell," written by Capt. J. C. Rosengarten, appeared in the issue of January 20th. A long list of Pennsylvania's distinguished soldiers have furnished or are writing articles for this series of papers, and they promise to be the most interesting and valuable of any similiar collection of war papers. Back numbers will be supplied until the edition is exhausted. All information can be promptly obtained by addressing The Press Company Limited, Philadelphia, Pa.

We understand that Geo. E. Elwell, one of the COLUMBIAN editors, is a prospective candidate for the State Senate. Talk up brother, let's hear from you. We have heard no more suitable candidate mentioned so far. It's Columbia county's turn this time, and Mr Elwell will fill the seat with honor to himself and the district.—*Catawissa News Item.*

The *Item* will please accept thanks for the compliment, but we are obliged to say that if the name of the senior editor of the COLUMBIAN is being used in connection with the candidacy for the office of State Senator it is without his knowledge or consent. Not being a "Democrat for office only" he has no political aspirations, and even if he had, the necessity of making the kind of a canvass that seems to be necessary to secure a nomination in this county, would deter him from entering the contest, no matter how loud the senatorial bee might buzz in his bonnet. But as the bee doesn't buzz, there is nothing more to be said.

We agree with the *Item* however, that Columbia county ought to have the Senatorship for the next term, and if a suitable candidate is presented, there ought to be but little difficulty in securing the nomination for him. Who shall it be?

A Democratic caucus was held in Brower's hall Saturday evening, February 13. The meeting was called to order at 8 o'clock by Capt. C. B. Brockway. On motion, J. K. Grotz elected charman, and H. V. White and J. K. Bittenbender, secretaries. G. A. Herring was nominated for President of Town Council, and Henry Rosenstock, Clinton Sterling and James Sterner, members. Wm. Krickbaum, Henry Rosenstock and Wm. Christman were nominated for the office of School Directors. On motion it was agreed that two candidates be placed in nomination. A ballot being called for showed the following result: Wm. Krickbaum, 37, Henry Rosenstock, 64,Wm. Christman, 70. Henry Rosenstock and Wm. Christman were declared the nominees for School Directors. For constable the names of Milton Cox, John McCormick and M. C. Woodward were placed in nomination and upon vote resulted as follows: Cox, 5; Woodward, 28; McCormick, 49. Woodward and McCormick were declared the nominees. C. R. Housel and U. H. Ent were nominated for the office of Assessor; C. C. Gallignan and F. D. Dentler, for Auditors; Eli Jones, Judge of Election in East district, and W. W. Barrett, Judge of Election in West district; Peter Jones and W. C. Richart, Inspectors in East district and Thomas Christman and H. V. White, Inspectors of West district. The names of D. F. Weiss, Jas. C. Sterner, J. F. Caldwell and A. Herbine were placed in nomination for Tax Collector. On first ballot some fraud was done, whether by intent or lot, was not known. About 80 more votes were cast than there were voters. Another ballot was taken and resulted as follows: J. F. Caldwell, 48; James C. Sterner, 25; D. F. Weiss, 6. Caldwell was declared the nominee.

Vote for Poor Director.

	Schuyler.	Morris.	Kleim.	Fairman.
Bloom	766	429	668	106
E. Scott	103½	23½	124½	307½
W. "	9	19	16½	247½
Greenw'd	26	290½	43½	365
Sugarlo'f		134½	88½	118½
Total	904½	896½	941	1144½

To Pennsylvania Reserve Soldiers.

Any soldier of the Pennsylvania Reserves who was mustered into the United States service and honorably discharged before serving two years,can hear of something to his advantage, by addressing W. Hayes Grier, Harrisburg. Any officer of the Reserves, who was promoted from the ranks, can also hear similar news by addressing Mr. Grier, who was a member of company A, Fifth Pennsylvania Reserves.

Supreme Court Cases.

The following cases from this county will be argued in the Supreme Court at Philadelphia the first week in March: Commonwealth vs. Dr. Bauer, Rhawn and Buckalew for Commonwealth, Yocum and Freeze for defendant.

Philips vs. C. C. Hagenbuch et ux, E. H. & R. R. Little for plaintiff, Barkley and Wintersteen for defendant.

Helfrich, Receiver vs. Freck, Farquhar and Freeze for plaintiff, Moyer and Elwell for defendant.

Election at Bloomsburg.

The following is the vote cast at the town election held Tuesday, February 16. Those marked with an asterisk (*) were elected:

Pres. Council.	*East.*	*West.*	*Total.*
G. A. Herring,	199	119	318
B. F. Zarr,	159	174	333*
Mem's Council	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
Henry Rosenstock,	408	223	631*
Clinton Sterling,	391	260	651*
James C. Sterner,	420	279	699*
C. A. Moyer,	170	227	397
L. T. Sharpless,	170	236	406*
W. J. Corell,	168	251	419*
E. B. Clark,	428	335	763*
School Direc'rs	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
Henry Rosenstock,	454	297	751*
Isaiah Hagenbuch,	258	293	551*
Wm. Christman,		2	2
Tax Collector.	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
J. F. Caldwell,	185	111	296
Richard Stiles,	172	182	354*
James C. Sterner,		1	1
Assessor.	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
C. R. Housel,	266	124	390*
U. H. Ent,	198	142	340
M. P. Lutz,	254	319	573*
Auditors.	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
C. C. Galignan,	224½	132	356½
F. D. Dentler,	421	269	690*
Joseph Garrison,	176	214½	390½*
W. F. Rinker,	235	258	493½*
Constable.	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
John McCormick,	151	81	232*
M. C. Woodward,	394	325	719*
John Farver,	111	108	219
W. C. Dougherty,	39	61	100
M. E. Cox,	1		1
Poor Directors.	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
Jacob Schuyler,	567	399	766
Wesley Morris,	261½	167½	429
C. A. Kleim,	390	278	668
Reese Fairman,	58½	47½	106
Judge of Elec'n	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
Eli Jones,	216		216*
John Penman,	121		121
W. W. Barrett,		129	129
C. P. Sloan,		148	148*
Inspectors.	***East.***	***West.***	***Total.***
Peter Jones,	36		36
W. C. Richart,	55		55*
B. H. Vannatta,	113		113*
†Thomas Christman,		30	30*
†H. V. White,		18	18
C. S. Fornwald,		138	138*

†There were ninety-two ballots cast with both of these names on them, consequently they were not counted.

The contest was confined to the offices of President of Council and Tax Collector. Mr. Zarr's friends claim that his majority was reduced by the friends of Mr. Herring offering to vote for Stiles for Collector in order to secure Republican votes for Herring, which would account for Mr. Stiles' majority, It is a well known fact that certain men who consider themselves prominent democrats, spent the day working for the republican candidate for collector, and some of them will be likely to hear from this hereafter. Mr. Stiles is qualified for the office, but he is one of the most bitter and intolerant partisans in the county, and should have had no assistance from democratic sources.

East Benton.

Weddings, weddings, and rumors of weddings, but the end is not yet, for there will be more weddings. Mr. Winfield Scott Laubach, of Benton township, and Miss Kate Roberts, of Sugarloaf, were married on last Wednesday.

Mr. Raccoon's six weeks of solid Winter weather, upon which the young folks of Buckhorn relied for a sociable sleighride to VanCamp, last Saturday, to pay a visit to Charley Moore, suddenly collapsed into open mud of musk-rat style. Whether Mr. Raccoon and Mr. Buckhorn, or Mr. Muskrat and Mr. East Benton "will have to seek other quarters to keep their credit" remains to be seen. "Possibly they are all chums."

The Sunday School Association of Benton township will meet in the M. E. church at Benton on Saturday, February 27, at 10 a. m. All are invited to attend.

Amandis Bender, near VanCamp, is making preparations for building a new barn. His family has been afflicted with heavy colds and sore throat.

David Yost, Esq., of VanCamp, is complaining of a cold and sore throat. We dare not enumerate personalties for the reason that colds and sore throat seem to be a general complaint.

At present writing the roads are in a fearful condition.

Alex. McHenry's money theory would answer very well for a bankrupt country, or individual.

With heartfelt sorrow and grief we read the news of the deaths of the great and leading men of our nation, which follow in rapid succession. Those who have shaped and moulded the destiny of our nation for at least a generation are suddenly called to their reward. Though dead, yet they live in the hearts of a grateful people and their memory shall never face from the pages of history. Their laurels will ever be green and bloom in all the seasons and changes the nation may be called to undergo, through civil conflict or revolution, till the last vestige of our nationality shall cease to exist.

ANSWER TO PUZZLE.

Zinc, gill, rum, W. Name, Ulric Zwingli.

Berwick.

It will be remembered that Grassly of Summerhill cut himself badly cutting timber not long since. He rendered good service in the army. The G. A. R. post here have made him a visit and donated him goods to the amount of $25. This is the way to appreciate the services of the soldier.

Another soldier boy, Gideon Hosler of Foundryville, we regret to say, was suddenly stricken down with paralysis on Thursday of last week. Our G. A. R. have visited him also. Gideon is in the prime of life; was a faithful soldier, and his numerous friends sympathize with him in his affliction.

Jack Jacoby is turning some of the finest workmanship in the shape of ironing buggies. He has a long established reputation as a blacksmith in town. We have known him for years.

Frank Hertz is well heard from in Minnesota. He has been recreating in Canada lately, and gives favorable reports from that country. He gives glowing accounts of the "Hudson Bay Company"; has been in Minnesota a year.

E. K. Adams has just received the handsomest installment of shawls that has recently come to our market. His counters are lined with the first the market produces.

The surveying party that have been exploring through Black Creek Gap put up a few days at Hoyt House. They are a jolly crew.

A. P. Young on Market street has just received a new installment of stoves, and has plenty to do in the shape of roofing and spouting. The hard times do not hurt him any.

Court Proceedings.

FEBRUARY 10th.

The sheriff acknowledged the following deeds: To Edward Hartman for property in Espy sold as the property of John Waters for $200; to C. W. Miller for property of Columbia County Saving Fund and Loan Association, for $210.

Petition filed for specific performance of contract in estate of Andrew J. Hess.

William Mosteller appointed guardian of Chester L. and Bessie Miller, and George Whitenight appointed guardian of Hattie and Jennie Miller, minor children of Henry T. Miller, deceased.

Moses Schlicher, J. B. Knittle, and Clinton Ellis appointed viewers of a bridge over south branch of Roaringcreek in Franklin.

Auditor's report in estate of E. J. McHenry confirmed nisi.

Sheriff acknowledged following deeds: To Rohr McHenry for property of Daniel S. Young for $280; to J. S. Lewars administrator &c. for property of Fayen Weaver for $25.

Adjourned until Saturday, 13th inst.

Franklin Bredbender appointed guardian of Daniel Bredbender.

Auditor's report in estate of Moses Everett confirmed nisi.

E. H. Little, C. W. Miller, and Geo. E Elwell Esqs. appointed Board of Examiners for ensuing year.

Auditors report making distribution of proceeds of Espy Mfg. Co. confirmed nisi.

A. W. Wilkinson appointed guardian of Otis L. Pealer.

Interpleaders filed in several cases against S. B. Yeager.

R. R Little Esq appointed auditor to distribute fund in the estate of Daniel Thomas deceased.

W. E. Smith Esq. appointed auditor to make distribution in estate of Clara Linden.

Rule granted on administrator of Casper Rhawn deceased to pay to Jessie Smith his distributive share in said estate.

John M. Clark Esq. appointed master and examiner in case of J. H. Neiman et al. vs. G. B. Dechant et al.

B. F. Zarr Esq. appointed auditor to ascertain liens and report distribution among creditors of the estate of Geo Hess deceased.

G. S. Herring Esq. appointed auditor on exceptions to account of guardian of Sarah V. Shaffer.

J. C. Yocum Esq. appointed auditor in estate of Hannah Moyer, deceased.

Citation awarded to executors of John M. Chamberlain deceased to show cause why the real estate should not be sold, they to give security for the proceeds.

Adjourned until 17th inst.

CAN CATARRH BE CURED?—We state emphatically that it can. Keller's Catarrh remedy never fails in a single case where directions are followed, no matter how chronic the case.

Catawissa.

The P & R. R. R. intend putting an iron bridge over the canal at Rupert, to take the place of the wooden structure.

Do not forget the musical entertainment on the 19th in Masonic Hall under the auspices of St. John's Lutheran church. The programme is a good one, and comprises the best musical talent.

The men who were injured in the wreck, are improving slowly.

The Methodist Church has been on fire several times in the past few weeks owing to some defect in the steam heating apparatus.

Uncle Tom's Cabin was well attended in Masonic Hall last week.

The ice in the river at this place passed out quietly on Saturday evening.

Mr. G. Henry had his hand partly mashed one day last week, in the yard at this place.

The district teacher's institute for this section, will be held at this place on this coming Saturday.

We noticed quite a number of visitors in town on last Saturday. Seeing about the election and other matters.

There has been several cases of serious domestic troubles, which had better be settled by the original plan.

Do not forget the Lutheran Union concert on Friday evening, as there will be a fine treat to all who attend.

Mr. Amos Berger intends taking charge of Hollinghead's mill the coming spring.

We notice that several of the buildings are draped in morning, for the hero, Gen. Hancock.

We understand that W. T. Creasy wears a rooster feather in his hat since he received the prize for his new chickens.

The grain fields look good upon this side of the river and if the March wind does not injure them, a fair crop may be expected.

Thanks, for the beautiful almanac, which you sent me. I think that it compares favorably, with that of any other I have seen.

The only reliable catarrh remedy on the market to-day is Ely's Cream Balm, being free from poisonous drugs and offensive odors. It has cured thousands of acute and chronic cases where all other remedies have failed. It quickly cures cold in the head and catarrhal headache. Price, 50cts.

L. Bernard has a fine stock of watches, jewelry and silverware. Only first class goods at low prices all goods warranted as represented. dec 11-tf

Benton.

We find Benton this week a little dull, as we presume most other towns are, when the roads are in the present condition.

The McHenry house will have a ball on the 22nd of this month. We anticipate a large crowd.

We hear the election mentioned. But that is scarcely all you do hear said of it.

Mr. Myres, of Philadelphia, is still at the McHenry house.

Keller Bros. are expecting stoves and ranges in a few days. They seem to be very well pleased with Benton and their prospect is good.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.—An established business with goodwill, stock and fixtures for sale. [2t] BILLMEYER & Co.

Bicycle Review.

The Rink will be open on Monday, 22nd inst, when there will be a bicycle review by six riders. There will be good music both afternoon and evening, and skaters can enjoy the healthful exercise both before and after the performance. This entertainment will close the season at the rink, so everybody should improve the opportunity.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites

Especially Desirable for Children.

A lady physician at the Child's Hospital, at Albany, N. Y., says: "We have been using Scott's Emulsion with great success, nearly all our patients are suffering from bone diseases and our physicians find it very beneficial."

The remaining copies of the History of Columbia County, a book of 600 pages illustrated and bound in cloth will be closed out at $1.00 each, 25 cents extra by mail. For sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Course of Study.

The following is the course of study in the Bloomsburg Public schools, adopted by the directors at their meeting on Friday night:

B. PRIMARY, OR FIRST YEAR.

Reading.—Name and spell words on blackboards, charts or in books. Use Independent Primer and First Reader, and begin in Second Reader.

Spelling.—Spell words of reading lesson, names of familiar objects and teach syllabication.

Composition.—Accustom pupils to reproduce short stories after being read or told to them; also to make short sentences from familiar objects. Contrast correct and incorrect expressions.

Arithmetic.—Count and add by ones to one hundred, with and without objects, also by twos and threes to ninety; exercise class on numbers to one thousand. Robinson's First Book begun.

Geography.—Columbia county and Pennsylvania.

Drawing and Writing.—Use White's Drawing slate and Teacher's guide to page 45. Teach script letters daily on blackboard, slates or tablets.

Physical Culture and Music.—Easy Calisthenics, special attention to position of body and use of lungs. Easy exercises in music.

General Exercises.—Morals, manners, etc. Hours of the day, days of the week and months of the year.

A. PRIMARY, OR SECOND YEAR.

Reading.—Second Reader completed. Drills in Elementary sounds; definitions of all words used; explanation of all punctuation marks, writing of same on slate or boards.

Spelling.—Spell words of reading lesson, writing on slate, board or tablet, easy words by dictation. Syllabication.

Composition.—Exercises of first year continued and writing of short sentences taught.

Arithmetic.—Counting backwards and forwards, by twos to one hundred, also by threes, fours and fives. Multiplication table, Robinson's First Book completed.

Geography.—Oral lessons; points of compass; natural divisions of land and water; outline map of world.

Drawing and Writing.—White's dotted slate first half year, White's Exercise Book No. 1, and course as prescribed in White's Teacher's Guide, Part 1st, pages 49 to 68. Card No. 1 to 28. Copybook No. 1, small, with lead pencil. No. 2, small, with pen and ink.

Physical Culture and Music.—Calisthenic exercises continued. New songs learned. Practice on musical scale, beating and counting time.

General Exercises.—Drills of previous year continued. Leap year explained; names and general duties of town and county officers.

B. INTERMEDIATE OR THIRD YEAR.

Reading.—Third reader begun and completed. Drills in Elementary sounds. Articulation a prominent exercise throughout the year.

Spelling.—Oral and written spelling from reader and Independent speller. Analysis of words into their elementary sounds.

Grammar.—Primary grammar begun. Drills in narration.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Complete Arithmetic to page 97.

Geography.—Outline maps and globes.

Drawing and Writing.—White's primary book No. 1. Teacher's Guide from page 71 to 89. Copybook. Blackboard chart exercises throughout the year.

Physical Culture and Music.—Calisthenics continued. New songs learned. Dictation exercise on the whole scale by the use of lines and spaces of the staff and by notes placed thereon. Different kind of notes and rests.

General Exercises.—Question on general information. Review of lesson in preceding grade. Lessons in weight, size, measure and distances, etc.

A. INTERMEDIATE, OR FOURTH YEAR.

Reading.—Fourth reader begun. Exercises, as in former grade, continued.

Spelling.—Oral and written spelling from Reader and Independent Speller. Analysis of words into their elementary sounds.

Grammar.—Elementary grammar continued. Composition under direction of the teacher.

Arithmetic.—Robinson's Complete Arithmetic to page 165.

Geography. Primary Geography to and including South America. Outline maps, map drawing and globes.

Drawing and Writing.—White's free hand drawing, Nos. 1 and 2. Teacher's Guide Part II pages 9 to 33.

Physical Culture and Music.—Calisthenic's continued Double, triple and quadruple measure explained and practiced. Scale extended above and below. Exercises in singing.

General Exercises.—Previous work reviewed.

B. JUNIOR, OR FIFTH YEAR.

Reading.—Fourth reader continued. Lesson to be analyzed before reading.

Spelling.—Oral and written spelling continued; definitions; dictation exercises; syllabication, and marks used in writing and printing.

Grammar.—Elementary grammar continued. Parsing and analysis. Exercises in narration, description of persons, places and things.

Robinson's Complete arithmetic to page 209. Robinson's Mental arithmetic.

Geography.—Primary geography continued, boundaries of Columbia county, outline maps, map drawing and globes.

U. S. History.—Barnes' history to Revolutionary period.

Drawing and Writing.—White's Free hand-drawing No. 2; White's drawing exercise book No. 2. Teacher's guide Part II, pages 37 to 55. Copybooks, Nos. 6 and 7, small.

Physical Culture and Music.—Calisthenics continued as before. Clefs and letter names of the degrees of the staff. Read and sing plain tunes by note.

A. JUNIOR, OR SIXTH YEAR.

Reading.—Fourth reader completed. Tables of Oral Elements thoroughly learned; Phonetic analysis.

Spelling.—Independent speller; including prefixes, affixes and abbreviations. Syllabication.

Grammar. Elementary grammar completed and reviewed. Exercises in letter writing.

Robinson's Complete arithmetic part 1, completed and reviewed. Robinson's mental arithmetic.

Geography. Primary geography completed and reviewed. Counties of Pennsylvania. Outline maps, map drawing and globes.

U. S. History. Barnes' to Presidents.

Drawing and Writing. White's free-hand drawing No. 3. White's exercise book No. 2. Teacher's Guide, part II, pages 59 to 75. Copybooks, Nos. 4 and 5.

Physical Culture and Music. Calisthenics as before. Singing lessons continued. Order of intervals in the scale.

B. SENIOR, OR SEVENTH YEAR.

Reading. Fifth reader. Topical analysis of the selections.

Spelling. Words selected from speller, reader or dictionary, with definitions.

Grammar. Advanced grammar begun. Arithmetic, Robinson's complete arithmetic Part II to page 401. Robinson's mental arithmetic.

Geography. Complete course to page 109. Outline maps, map drawing and globes.

U. S. History. Barnes' History completed.

Drawing and Writing. White's free hand drawing No. 4. White's exercise book No. 2. Teacher's Guide, part II, pages 75 to 90. Copybook, No. 5.

Physical Culture and Music. Calisthenics. Singing lessons continued, sharps, flats, dynamic marks and terms.

Rhetorical Exercises. Compositions, declamations and recitations.

A. SENIOR, OR EIGHTH YEAR.

Reading. Fifth reader. Topical analysis continued. Frequent drills in part 1.

Spelling. Same as in previous year.

Grammar. Advanced grammar continued, with exercises in parsing and analysis.

Arithmetic. Robinson's complete arithmetic, completed and reviewed. Robinson's mental arithmetic.

Geography. Complete course finished. Outline maps, map drawing and globes.

U. S. History. History reviewed.

Drawing and Writing. White's free hand drawing book No. 5; White's exercise book No. 2. Teacher's Guide, part II, pages 90 to 105.

Physical Culture and Music. Calisthenics. Singing lessons continued.

Rhetorical Exercises. As in previous year.

HIGH SCHOOL, NINTH YEAR.

English Scientific Course. First year. Arithmetic; algebra; English grammar; civil government; physical geography; rhetoric; natural philosophy; drawing and writing; declamation and composition.

Classical course. First year. Arithmetic; algebra; English grammar; civil government; physical geography; rhetoric; natural philosophy; Latin grammar and reader; drawing and writing; declamation and composition.

HIGH SCHOOL, TENTH YEAR.

English Scientific Course. Second year. Geography reviewed; mental arithmetic; English grammar; chemistry; geometry; rhetoric; outlines of history; drawing and writing; declamation and composition.

Classical course. Second year Geography reviewed; mental arithmetic; geometry; rhetoric; outlines of history; Caesar three books; Latin prose composition; mythology; Greek grammar and reader; drawing and writing; declamation and composition.

HIGH SCHOOL, ELEVENTH YEAR.

English Scientific Course. Third year. United States history reviewed; English grammar—parsing and analysis; botany; geometry with applications; English literature; intellectual philosophy; general reviews; drawing and writing; essays and original orations.

Classical course. Third year.—United States History reviewed; English grammar—parsing and analysis; geometry with applications; English literature; Virgil four books; Cicero's two orations Anabasis and Iliad; Grecian and Roman antiquities; reviews; drawing and writing; essays and original orations.

Physiology, reading and spelling throughout the entire course; French and German optional.

Upon the satisfactory completion of the course of study, the Board of Directors will give a certificate of graduation.

LOCAL NOTICES.

The best ready made white shirts for $1.00 at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

The muslins at I. W. Hartman & Son's sells fast by the bolt. Call and see.

Want 100 teams to haul bark now, to be unloaded in the cars at the railroad. Also, potatoes, turkeys, chickens, geese, ducks, pigeons, thrifty, white, clean shotes, that weigh from 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, to 75 pounds. Butter, eggs, nice green apples, cloverseed and onions, at Lightstreet.

[2½m.] SILAS YOUNG.

The new embroideries at I. W. Hartman & Son's are not only admired but are bought.

The new linen goods at I. W. Hartman & Son's are taking well.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

All persons are hereby notified that any persons buying Conyngham township orders will purchase the same subject to any equities that may exist as to the taxpayers.

That the Taxpayers Association are willing to make all roads, keep in repair all roads and bridges free of expense to individual taxpayers for the year 1885, and subject to the direction of the Supervisors of said township and as there is no legal tax levied for the year, and all legitimate expenses of the Road Department are being paid, there is no necessity for any orders being issued.

All orders require the signatures of both Supervisors of the Township Clerk and should bear the seal of the township.

The above notice is being given so that all persons can govern themselves accordingly. S. M. RILEY,

Agent for Taxpayer's Association.

Ashland, Pa., Nov. 27, '85.-tf.

The new white dress goods at I. W. Hartman & Son's are beautiful and cheap. Call and see them.

98 pieces of ginghams and seersuckers at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

Getting in new dishes for spring at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

This is the best season in which to purify the blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier. 100 doses $1.00.

"Why should not the time come when the name of Dr. David Kennedy shall be associated in the public mind with the purification of the blood, as the name of Harvey now is with its circulation. For certainly no other medical man has done as much to that end as he has. And it is also important that people should know that the result of his labors are within reach of all in the form of Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy."—*Evening Journal.* [f-12-4t.

Bad breath arises from the stomach, and can be easily corrected if you take Simmons Liver Regulator. It is peculiarly adapted to the stomach, correcting acidity, destroying foul gases and allaying inflammation. Take, after eating, a half-tablespoonful, it assimilates with the food and ensures perfect digestion, without which that repulsive disorder,bad breath, must ensue. The Regulator removes biliousness, cures dyspepsia, constipation and sick headache, is purely vegetable and harmless.

You are not old, your hair is getting thin. Your friends remark it, your wife regrets it. Parker's Hair Balsam will stop this waste, save your hair and restore the original gloss and color. Exceptionally clean, prevents dandruff, a perfect dressing. [feb

They are clean, sweet and thorough in action, cure pain, strengthen weak parts and act instantly. Call for a *Hop Plaster* and get it. 25c. all dealers.

Neuralgia and Rheumatism are depicted in engravings as demons tearing at the human form, but they could be more truthfully described by showing a disordered stomach or clogged blood vessels. Vinegar Bitters affords certain relief and eventual cure for both by acting upon the internal system. It dispels all pain demons instanter.

It is worth remembering that nobody enjoys the nicest surroundings if in bad health. There are miserable people about to-day with one foot in the grave, to whom a bottle of Parker's Tonic would do more good than all the doctors and medicines they have ever used. [feb124t.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.

Among Spring preparations, do not neglect that which is most important of all—your own body. During the Winter the blood absorbs many impurities, which, if not expelled, are liable to break out in scrofula or other disease. The best Spring medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It expels every impurity from the blood, and gives strength to every function of the body.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The disfiguring eruptions on the face, the sunken eye, the pallid complexion, indicate that there is something wrong going on within. Expel the lurking foe to health. Ayer's Sarsaparilla was devised for that purpose; and does it.

GRAPE JUICE FOR COMMUNION.

The grape crop of A. Speer's vineyards last year was double that of any previous year. His vineyards near Passaic have so increased that he is able to keep a stock five to six years ahead. They have become popular wines among the best physicians in New York, and largely used for communion purposes and for weak and aged persons. For sale by druggists.

The Clergy, Medical Faculty and people all endorse Burdock Blood Bitters as the best system renovating, blood purifying tonic in all the world. Send for testimonials.

Of course when a man is sound and well he don't care a copper for all the medicine on the face of the earth. He has no use for it. But when disease is eating his life out he wants the right prescription and he wants it right away. For that reason all who know what Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is turn to that for help and it never disappoints them. And it is just as beneficial to new friends as it is to old ones. Pleasant to the palate and gentle in its action. [feb.12-4t.

WE WANT SALESMEN everywhere, local and traveling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once and state salary wanted Address STANDARD SILVER WARE COMPANY, Washington St., Boston, Mass. feb-19-4t.d.

LADIES WANTED to work for us at their own homes, $7 to $10 per week can be easily made; no canvassing; fascinating and steady employment. Particulars and sample of the work sent for stamp. Address HOME M'F'G CO., P. O. Box 1916, Boston, Mass. feb.19-4t.d.

WANTED.—LADIES to work for us at their own homes, $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No photo painting; no canvassing. For full particulars, please address at once, CRESCENT ART COMPANY, 19 Central St., Boston, Mass. Box 5170. [feb.-19-4t.-d.

DYSPEPSIA.—Its Nature, Causes, Prevention and Cure. By John H. McAlvin, Lowell, Mass., 14 years tax collector. Sent free to any address. feb 5, aw 4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Evan Girton, Dec'd, Hemlock township, Col. Co., Pa.

Letters testamentary in said estate having been granted to the undersigned executor, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and those having claims against said estate, present the same to

WHAT Warner's Safe Cure CURES AND WHY.

CONGESTION OF THE KIDNEYS, BACK ACHE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER OR URINARY ORGANS.

Catarrh of the Bladder, Gravel, Stone, Dropsy, Enlarged Prostate Gland, Impotency or General Debility, Bright's Disease.

WHY? Because it is the *only remedy known that has power to expel the acid and urea*, of which there are some 500 grains secreted each day as the result of muscular action, and sufficient if retained in the blood, *to kill six men*. It is the direct cause of all the above diseases, as well as of Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Apoplexy, Paralysis, Insanity and Death.

This great specific relieves the kidneys of too much blood, frees them from all irritants, restores them to healthy action by its certain and soothing power.

IT CURES ALSO Jaundice, Enlargement of the Liver, Abscess and Catarrh of the Bile Ducts, Biliousness, Headache, Furred Tongue, Sleeplessness, Languor, Debility, Constipation, Gall Stones, and every unpleasant symptom which results from liver complaint.

WHY? Because it has a *specific and positive action* on the liver as well as on the kidneys, increasing the secretion and flow of bile, regulates its elaborate function, removes unhealthful formations, and in a word, restores it to natural activity, without which health is an Impossibility.

IT CURES ALSO Female complaints, Leucorrhœa, Displacements, Enlargements, Ulcerations, Painful Menstruation, makes Pregnancy safe, prevents Convulsions and Child-Bed Fever and aids nature by restoring functional activity.

WHY? All these troubles, as is well known by every physician of education, *arise from congestion* and impaired kidney action, causing stagnation of the blood vessels and breaking down, and this is the beginning and the direct cause of all the ailments from which women suffer, and must as surely follow as night does the day.

WHY Warner's Safe Cure is acknowledged by thousands of our best medical men to be *the only true blood purifier*, is because it acts upon scientific principles, striking at the very root of the disorder by its action on the kidneys and liver. *For, if these organs were kept in health all the morbid waste matter so deadly poisonous if retained in the body, is passed out.* On the contrary, if they are deranged, the acids are taken up by the blood, decomposing it and *carrying death* to the most remote part of the body.

WHY 93 per cent. of all diseases which afflict humanity, arise from impaired kidneys, is shown by medical authorities. Warner's Safe Cure, by its *direct action*, positively restores them to health and full working capacity, *nature curing all the above diseases herself when the cause is removed*, and we guarantee that Warner's Safe Cure is a positive preventive if taken in time.

As you value health take it to *avoid sickness*, as it will at all times and under all circumstances keep all the vital functions up to par.

We also *Guarantee a Cure* and beneficial effect for each of the foregoing diseases, also that every case of Liver and Kidney trouble can be cured where degeneration has Not taken place, and even then Benefit will surely be Derived. In every instance it has established its claim.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER, particularly in the Spring, it is unequalled, for you *cannot have pure blood* when the kidneys or liver are out of order.

Look to your condition at once. Do not postpone treatment for a day nor an hour. *The doctors cannot compare records with us.* Give yourself thorough constitutional treatment with Warner's Safe Cure, and there are yet many years of life and health assured you!

The Rev. Sam Jones, who is engaged in the rather up-hill job of converting Cincinnati, thus talks about pew renting: "Methodism is as much out of place in rented pews as a Georgia cornfield darkey would be in the White House. A Methodist that wouldn't give more voluntarily to his pastor than he would for his pew is a disgrace to the church he belongs to, and the Methodist who is selfish enough to pick out the best pew in the house for himself and family because he has a little more money than some one else, that man has selfishness enough in him to damn him. That's about the fact of the matter. If I was in this church and was obliged to rent a pew I would rent the best one in the church, and I wouldn't let my daughter or my wife go into it, but we would stand in the rear and give sinners the pew. They will go to hell if something isn't done for them, and we cannot afford to let these sinners be damned. I love a Christian that will divide his last nickle with God, and I love a man who is generous to all people and generous everywhere."

J. H. Mercer wishes to make an assertion, which he can back with a positive guarantee. It is all about Acker's Blood Elixir. He claims for it superior merits over all other remedies of its kind, and guarantees for it a positive and sure cure for Rheumatism, Syphillis, and all blood disorders, it frees the skin from spots and disease, and leaves the complexion clear. Ask him about it.

J. H. Mercer would especially recommend to the ladies Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets. As a laxative they have no equal. They are guaranteed to cure Chronic Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all diseases arising from a deranged stomach. With a free use of the Tablets, Sick Headache is impossible.

J. H. Mercer wishes to state that he has at last found an article he can sell on its merits. It is with pleasure he guarantees to the public Acker's English Remedy as a sure and never failing cure for Asthma, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Lung Troubles. It is the standard remedy for Consumption. I have never found its equal.

Over one million boxes of Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets sold in the past twelve months, purely upon their merits. Why suffer with Chronic Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Heartburn, and Female Troubles, when J. H. Mercer offers you relief and positive cure in the Dyspepsia Tablets. He sells them on a guarantee.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S — EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases.

Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.

It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.

It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.

It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.

The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.

No person can take the BITTERS according to directions and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers are prevalent throughout the United States, particularly in the valleys of our great rivers and their vast tributaries during the Summer and Autumn, especially during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.

These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.

There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus forearmed.

It Invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid Liver **and Bowels,** cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other minerals, all poisonous matter from the system. It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Pneumonia, Dizziness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Scrofulous Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Hip-Joint Disease, White Swellings, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands. Send ten cents in stamps for a large treatise, with colored plates, on Skin Diseases, or the same amount for a treatise on Scrofulous Affections.

"THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE." Thoroughly cleanse it by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and soundness of constitution, will be established.

CONSUMPTION,

which is **Scrofulous Disease of the Lungs,** is promptly and certainly arrested and cured by this God-given remedy, if taken before the last stages of the disease are reached. From its wonderful power over this terribly fatal disease, when first offering this now celebrated remedy to the public, Dr. PIERCE thought seriously of calling it his "Consumption Cure," but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, alterative, or blood-cleansing, anti-bilious, pectoral, and nutritive properties, is unequaled, not only as a remedy for consumption of the lungs, but for all

CHRONIC DISEASES OF THE

Liver, Blood, and Lungs.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills, shivering with hot flashes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and coated tongue, you are suffering from **Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver,** and **Torpid Liver,** or "**Biliousness.**" In many cases only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, **Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery** has no equal.

For **Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Shortness of Breath, Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, Consumption,** and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. **Sold by Druggists.**

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,

Proprietors, 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Pierce's LITTLE Pleasant Purgative LIVER Pellets PILLS.

ANTI-BILIOUS and CATHARTIC. Sold by Druggists. 25 cents a vial.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure.

If you have disharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste, or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption. Dr. Sage's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of **Catarrh, "Cold in the Head,"** and **Catarrhal Headache.** 50 cents.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a lifelong study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. DR. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., N. Y.

Feb 5-4t-d

CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!
CLAREMONT COLONY!

A new Home every 16 days in the last 8 years. Our villages, only 42 months old, has 6 stores, 2 hotels, 2 churches, school, newspaper, factory, foundry, 4 steamboats, 2 trains and 2 mails daily. Land rapidly advancing. Send, send, send **by all means,** for circulars with 4 maps, 36 Photographic cuts of houses, all about the wonderful growth of our colony, its soil, climate, markets, business opportunities, health, prices, terms, and 96 other distinct subjects. Farms for $250 on monthly installments to those having employment, without leaving their situation. Address **J. F. MANCHA,** Claremont, Surry Co., Va.

Jan.-28-4td 41.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

THE MOTHER OF WASHINGTON.

(Continued from 1st page)

more courtly attention than any other figure present, her illustrious son not excepted. She is described as "the picture of beautiful simplicity moving among the dazzling throng dressed in the appropriate costume of a Virginia matron of the olden time."

The Marquis de Lafayette visited Fredericksburg especially to bid Mrs. Washington good-by. He found her in a homespun dress and sunbonnet, working in her garden.

"Ah, Marquis," she said, "you see an old woman; but come, I can make you welcome to my poor dwelling without the parade of changing my dress."

When Washington was elected president he paid her a farewell visit. This was the year of her death. Both felt that the parting was the last in this world. She was then fast journeying to the life beyond, having for years been afflicted by a cancer, keeping her ailment a secret as long as it was possible to do so. She died on Aug. 25, 1789, in her 83d year. Her grave was unmarked, even by a head stone, till the the year 1833, when President Jackson laid the corner stone of a monument to her memory. A colossal bust of Washington was to adorn the shaft, and that surmounted by the American eagle sustaining a civic crown above the hero's head. This was to be its inscription: "Mary, the mother of Washington." But, alas, the pedestal is most covered and unfinished, and the marble from which the shaft was to have been made lies beside it crumbling to decay. The accompanying picture, drawn by W. O. Hazard, of Fredericksburg, gives a faithful transcript of its appearance.

Recently the citizens of Fredericksburg have petitioned Mr. Croxton, their representative in congress, to endeavor to have the bill soliciting an appropriation to finish this monument, introduced last winter, referred to an appropriate committee, and acted on without loss of time, in the hope of securing its passage during the present session. It is scarcely possible that congress will turn a deaf ear to this appeal.

He Did It with His Little Hatchet.

ABOUT MOUNT VERNON.

A Glance at Freedom's Mecca and Its Treasures.

The great of many lands journey to Mount Vernon to look upon the tomb of Washington. 'Tis hallowed ground. The spirit of the past is about it. Like a picture of a vanished time the old Virginia dwelling and its fair surrounding greet the eyes of the pilgrims who visit it. The scheming, striving atmosphere of the capital falls away from one like a garment on entering that holy retreat. There many cries of the man who loved liberty so well that he gave his life to her service extinguish the worldly ambitions of the day. Before that plain but eloquent tomb all stand in reverence. It holds the clay garments of a hero. There heads are uncovered and bent, eyes grow dim, and reverent lips pray.

Mount Vernon was named in honor of Admiral Vernon, under whom its founder, Laurence Washington, served in the British navy. It was built in 1743, is in Fairfax county, Va., located on the right bank of the Potomac, seventeen miles south of Washington. The house, or mansion, as it was originally called, is two stories high and contains six rooms of moderate size on the ground floor. The picture represents it as seen from the river.

Gen. Washington bequeathed Mount Vernon to Bushrod Washington. At Bushrod's death it passed into the hands of his nephew, John A. Washington, who, in 1858, sold it to the Ladies' Mount Vernon as ociation for $200,000, Edward Everett contributing over $68,000. The association holds the place in trust, as a place of public interest, and upon the dissolution of the association or its failure to perform the objects for which it was formed Mount Vernon will re-

vert to the state of Virginia. The tomb is a few hundred yards from the house, near a small wooded ravine. The picture represents the entrance. The body of Washington was removed thither from the old family vault in 1831. A plain and poor structure, indeed, is the tomb where rests the mortal part of the great patriot. Its front is rough, and has a plain iron door inserted in a stone casement. Over the door, on a stone panel, is graven these words: "I am the Resurrection and the Life; he that believeth in Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live." A brick wall, twelve feet high, incloses the tomb. Its iron gateway extends several feet in front of the vault door, over which, in the stone coping, is a tablet with this inscription: "Within this enclosure rest the remains of Gen. George Washington."

The sarcophagi of Washington and his wife are in the ante chamber of the tomb, in plain sight. That of Washington has a lid, on which is sculptured the American shield suspended over our festooned flags. An eagle with open wings perched upon the superior bar of the shield forms the crest, an engraving of which is herewith given. But in marble below the design is the name "Washington." When Washington was first entombed a silver plate in the form of a shield was placed on the leaden coffin. Its inscription was: "George Washington, born Feb. 22, 1732; died Dec. 14, 1799." In the north room of the mansion Washington entertained his political friends. Among the pictures on its walls was a small portrait of himself, on the back of which some one unknown, presumably an English gentleman, wrote the following noble tribute, a perfect epitome of the character of the great patriot:

"Washington—the defender of his country—the founder of liberty—the friend of man. History and tradition are explored in vain for a parallel to his character. In the annals of modern greatness he stands alone; and the noblest names of antiquity lose their lustre in his presence. Born the benefactor of mankind, he united all the qualities necessary to an illustrious career. Nature made him great; he made himself virtuous. Called by his country to the defense of her liberties, he triumphantly vindicated the rights of humanity, and on the pillars of national independence laid the foundations of a great republic. Twice elected with unexampled unanimity by the unanimous voice of a free people, he surpassed in the cabinet the glories of the field, and voluntarily resigning the scepter and the sword, retired to the shades of private life. A spectacle so new and so sublime was contemplated with the profoundest admiration, and the name of Washington, adding new lustre to humanity, resounded to the remotest regions of the earth. Magnanimous in youth, glorious through life, great in death; his highest ambition the happiness of mankind; his noblest victory the conquest of himself. Respectfully to posterity the inheritance of his fame, and building his monument in the hearts of his countrymen, he lived the ornament of the eighteenth century; he died regretted by a mourning world."

THE NARROW ESCAPE

Of a Massachusetts Engineer.

Sleep after fatigue and health after disease are two of the sweetest experiences known to man. Fourteen years is a long time to suffer, yet Mr. Peter Lawler, of Dalton, Mass., had led a miserable life for that period through the presence of stone in the bladder. He did obtain temporary relief, but nothing more. Last January he called on Dr. David Kennedy, of Roundout, N. Y., who said, after an examination: "Mr. Lawler, you have stone in the bladder. We will first try DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY before risking an operation." A few days later the following letter passed through the Roundout postoffice:

DALTON, MASS., Feb. 6.

DEAR DR. KENNEDY: The day after I came home I passed two gravel stones, and am doing nicely now. PETER LAWLER.

Dr. Kennedy now has the stones at his office, and they are sufficiently formidable to justify the claim that KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY is the leading specific for stone in the bladder. In his letter Mr. Lawler mentions that FAVORITE REMEDY also cured him of rheumatism. The subjoined certificate tells its own story:

OLD BERKSHIRE MILLS,
DALTON, MASS., April 27, 1885.

Mr. Peter Lawler has been a resident of this town for the past seventeen years, and in our employ for fifteen, and in all these years he has been a good and respected citizen of this town and community. He has had some chronic disease to our knowledge for most of the time, but now claims to be, and is, in apparent good health.

CHARLES O. BROWN, President.

$1 bottle; six for $5.

Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," of Roundout, N. Y.—It is not a mere soother, temporarily, of pain, but by its alterative action purifies the blood, restores a healthful condition to the diseased organs, and even dissolves and causes the expulsion of gravel and stone from the kidneys and bladder. The testimony of hundreds who have been cured by it vouches for this.

TRADE MARK.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY

THE GREAT

Blood Purifier of the World.

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

CATARRH.

THE most stubborn cases yield readily to it and has not failed to Cure a single case where directions are followed. Its success has been remarkable and its cures wonderful. It is the most successful preparation in the market for CATARRH and the only one that promises an Absolute, Positive Cure. It is truly a Blood, Nerve and Brain Tonic and vigorator that is asked for it. Once used, it is always recommended. Send for testimonials of actual cures.

IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR

MALARIA.

A POSITIVE CURE IS ASSURED.

One bottle is generally sufficient for a cure. Stop taking Quinine. A trial only is asked for KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY. It is a SPECIFIC for all diseases arising from an impure blood and drives all eruptions from the skin. For Syphilitic complaints it is superior to any preparation in the market. One bottle will cure most of the following complaints and a continued use will POSITIVELY cure. Save doctor bills and try it.

RHEUMATISM.
SCROFULA.
SKIN ERUPTIONS.
VENEREAL DISEASES.
DYSPEPSIA.
LOSS OF APPETITE.
FEELING OF LANGOUR.
BILIOUSNESS.
LIVER TROUBLES.
NERVOUS WEAKNESS.
FEMALE WEAKNESS.

KELLER'S CATARRH REMEDY is no patent medicine, but a safe and pleasant preparation to take and surely the greatest medical discovery of the age. One bottle rejuvenates the entire system and possesses more virtue than a half dozen bottles of ordinary patent preparations. Write for testimonials and other information.

For Sale by druggists generally.

PRICE $1.00 A BOTTLE. SIX BOTTLES FOR $5.00. On receipt of $5.00 by the manufacturers, SAMUEL F. KELLER & CO., Harrisburg, Pa., six bottles will be sent express prepaid.

TRADE MARK.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the safest, most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years.

W. H. MOORE.

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1892.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

IF YOU have internal slime fever, canker, acrid phlegm, bad taste and offensive breath—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT removes all these conditions. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., $1.

IF YOU have lost your appetite, or tongue coated, dry and parched lips and mouth, spittle dry and cottony, or have become emaciated—Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT will build up your broken down constitution. Ask your druggist for it. 25c., $1.

IF YOU have sudden attacks of sinking spells the face white and deathly pale, and experience feelings as though dying, and coldness seizes your very vitals—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED rouses the heart's action and saves life. Druggists sell it. $1.

IF YOU have organic disease, or pericardits, or heart case troubles, or have thick and sluggish blood, feel as though bleeding would relieve you—Dr. Kilmer's OCEAN-WEED corrects and is the remedy you need. Druggists sell it. $1. 14.

Slates and Felts, Slate Mantels, Slate Black Boards. School Slate, Roofing Slate, Roofing Felts, 1, 2 & 3 Ply.

J. L. HULL.,

25 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa

May 22-1y

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents to cover postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. [dec18 85.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

feb-5-4t-d

THE GREAT

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Unfailing Specific FOR LIVER DISEASE.

SYMPTOMS: Bitter or bad taste in mouth; tongue coated white or covwith a brown fur; pain in the back, sides, or joints—often mistaken for rheumatism; SOUR STOMACH; LOSS OF APPETITE; sometimes nausea and waterbrash, or indigestion; flatulency and acid eructations, bowels alternately costive and lax; HEADACHE; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; DEBILITY; low spirits; a thick, YELLOW appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough; fever, restlessness; the urine is scanty and high colored, and, if allowed to stand, deposits a sediment.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

(PURELY VEGETABLE)

Is generally used in the South to arouse the torpid liver to a healthy action.

IT ACTS WITH EXTRAORDINARY EFFICACY ON THE

LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS,

AS EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

MALARIA, CONSTIPATION, SICK HEADACHE, NAUSEA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE, COLIC, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Endorsed by the use of 7 millions of bottles, as

The Best Family Medicine

For children, for adults, and for the aged.

SAFE TO TAKE IN ANY CONDITION OF THE SYSTEM!

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PRICE, $1.00.

may 29-1y

GIVEN AWAY!

Ten thousand babies are given yearly to the grave by not having Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion on their gums when teething.

SOMETHING NEW!
SOMETHING WONDERFUL!
SOMETHING MAGICAL!

To bathe the baby's gums while teething, relieving all inflammation, swelling and pain.

LOST!

A good many night's rest by not having Dr. Hand's Colic Cure, for it gives baby comfort and sleep without stupefying or injuring it. No opiates. No constipation.

Sold at Kleim's drug store, general agent for Dr. Hand's remedies for children. Laboratory at Scranton, Pa. dec6eow.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.
BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m	STATIONS.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	SOUTH. p.m.
9 00	12 30	8 30	....Scranton....	6 10	9 15	2 05	
8 54	12 26	8 26	.....Bellevue.....	6 15	9 20	2 10	
8 48	12 22	8 22	....Taylorville....	6 20	9 26	2 15	
8 40	12 15	8 16	..Lackawanna..	6 27	9 34	2 24	
8 33	12 08	8 10	.....Pittston.....	6 34	9 41	2 30	
8 27	12 03	8 05	..West Pittston..	6 40	9 47	2 36	
8 22	11 58	8 00	.....Wyoming.....	6 45	9 52	2 41	
8 17	11 54	7 54	.....Maltby.....	6 49	9 56	2 44	
8 12	11 50	7 50	.....Bennett.....	6 53	10 00	2 47	
8 08	11 47	7 47	.....Kingston.....	6 58	10 05	2 50	
8 03	11 42	7 42	....Kingston....	7 02	10 05	2 55	
8 03	11 42	7 42	Plymouth June	7 02	10 10	2 55	
7 59	11 38	7 38	....Plymouth....	7 07	10 15	3 00	
7 54	11 34	7 34	.....Avondale.....	7 12	10 20	3 05	
7 50	11 30	7 30	.....Nanticoke.....	7 15	10 25	3 10	
7 43	11 23	7 23	Hunlock's Creek	7 23	10 32	3 17	
7 39	11 19	7 19	..Shickshinny..	7 27	10 44	3 20	
7 18	11 00	7 00	...Hick's Ferry...	7 50	11 11	3 42	
7 11	10 54	6 54	...Beach Haven...	7 57	11 06	3 58	
7 05	10 47	6 47	.....Berwick.....	8 04	11 13	4 05	
6 58	10 41	6 41	...Briar Creek...	8 10	11 20	4 12	
6 54	10 38	6 38	..Willow Grove..	8 13	11 25	4 16	
6 50	10 34	6 34	....Lime Ridge....	8 18	11 29	4 20	
6 42	10 27	6 27	.....Espy.....	8 25	11 36	4 27	
6 36	10 22	6 22	....Bloomsburg....	8 30	11 44	4 34	
6 30	10 16	6 16	....Rupert....	8 36	11 50	4 40	
6 25	10 11	6 11	Catawi'a Bridge	8 41	11 55	4 46	
6 08	9 56	5 56	....Danville....	8 58	12 13	5 04	
6 00	9 49	5 49	....Chulasky....	9 05	12 20	5 12	
5 55	9 45	5 45	....Cameron....	9 08	12 25	5 17	
5 40	9 32	5 32	Northumberland	9 25	12 40	5 35	
p.m.	a.m.	a.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m	

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.

Superintendent's office, Scranton, Feb. 1st, 1887.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division, and Northern Central Railway.

TIME TABLE.

In effect Nov. 8th, 1885. Trains leave Sunbury.

EASTWARD.

9.40 a. m., Sea Shore Express (daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.; New York, 6.20 p. m.; Baltimore, 4.40 p. m.; Washington, 8.50 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Through passenger coach to Philadelphia.

1.45 p. m.—Day express daily except Sunday), for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.; New York, 9.35 p. m.; Baltimore 6.45 p. m.; Washington, 8.00 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia and passenger coaches through to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

7.50 p. m.—Renovo Accommodation (daily for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 3.25 a. m.; New York 7.00 a. m. Baltimore, 5.25 a. m.; Washington 6.30 a. m.; Sleeping car accommodations can be secured at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. On Sundays a through sleeping car will be run on this train from Williamsport to Philadelphia. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

7.50 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Monday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 8.25 a. m., New York, 11.30 a. m., Baltimore 8.15 a. m.; Washington, 9.10 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, and through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.20 a. m.—Erie Mail (daily except Sunday), for Erie and all intermediate stations and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman palace cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9.50—News Express (daily except Sunday) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1.00 p. m.—Niagara Express (daily except Sunday) for Kane and intermediate stations and Canandaigua and principal intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Williamsport.

5.30 p. m. Fast Line (drily except Sunday) for Renovo and intermediate stations, and Elmira, Waverly and intermediate stations, with through passenger coaches to Renovo and Watkins.

9.20 a. m.—Sunday mail for Renovo and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Sunday mail leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m Harrisburg 7.40 arriving at Sunbury 9.20 a. m. with through sleeping car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

News Express leaves Philadelphia 4.30 a. m. Harrisburg, 8.10 a. m. daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury 9.55 a. m.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m.; Baltimore 7.30 a. m. (daily except Sunday arriving at Sunbury, 1.00 p. m., with through Parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Fast Line leaves New York 9.00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 11.50 a. m.; Washington, 9.50 a. m.; Baltimore, 10.45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 5.30 p. m., with through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8.00 p. m.; Philadelphia, 11.20 p. m.; Washington, 10.00 p. m.; Baltimore, 11.20 p. m., (daily except Saturday) arriving at Sunbury 5.15 a. m., with through Pullman Sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia.

SUNBURY, HAZLETON & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except sunday.)

Wilkesbarre Mail leaves Sunbury 10.00 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.52 a. m., Wilkes-barre 12.15 p. m.

Express East leaves Sunbury 5.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6.37 p. m., Wilkes-barre 7.56 p. m

Sunbury Mail leaves Wilkesbarre 10.40 a. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 12.05 p. m., Sunbury 12.55 p. m

Express West leaves Wilkesbarre 2.45 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 4.15 p. m. Sunbury 5.10 p.m.

SUNDAY ONLY.

Sunday mail leaves Sunbury 2.25 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10.14 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 11.35 a.m.

Sunday accommodation leaves Wilkes-Barre 5.15 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry, 6.48 p. m., Sunbury, 7.45 p. m.

CHA. E. PUGH, Gen. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Passenger Agent

THE OLD CONTINENTALS.

In their ragged regimentals
Stood the old Continentals,
Yielding not
When the grenadiers were lunging
And like hail fell the plunging
Cannon shot;
When the files
Of the Isles,
From the smoky night encampment,
Bore the banners of the rampant
Unicorn,
And grummer, grummer, grummer
Rolled the roll of the drummer,
Through the morn.

Then with eyes to the front all,
And with guns horizontal,
Stood our sires;
And the balls whistled deadly,
And in streams flashing redly
Blazed the fires,
As the rar
On the slibre
Swept the strong battle breakers,
O'er the green-sodded acres
Of the plain;
And louder, louder, louder
Cracked the black gunpowder,
Cracking amain!

Now like smiths at their forges
Worked the red-hot George's
Cannoneers;
And the "villainous saltpetre"
Rung a fierce, discordant meter
Round their ears;
As the swift
Storm-drift
With hot, sweeping anger,
Came the foreguards' clangor
On our flanks;
Then higher, higher, higher
Burned the old fashioned fire
Through the ranks!

When the old-fashioned colonel
Galloped through the white infernal
Powder cloud;
And his broad sword was swinging,
And his brazen throat was ringing
Trumpet loud;
Then the blue
Bullets flew,
And the trooper jackets redden
At the touch of the leaden
Rifle breath;
And rounder, rounder, rounder
roared the iron six pounder,
Hurling death!

GUY HUMPHREY MCM